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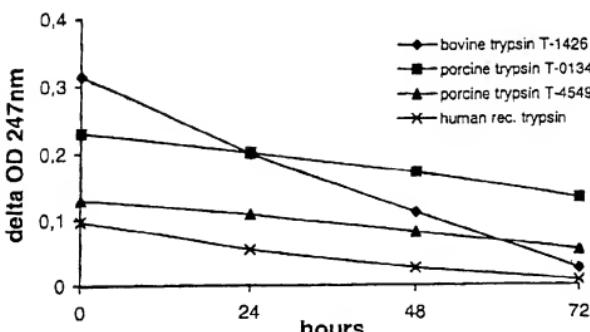
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(54) Title: LIVE VACCINE AND METHOD OF MANUFACTURE



(57) Abstract: The invention relates to a simple and efficient process for isolating viruses from various sources and for producing live attenuated influenza vaccines in a serum-free Vero cell culture under conditions where alterations in the surface antigens of the virus due to adaptive selection are minimized or prevented. The process does not require purification of the virus-containing supernatant harvested from the cell culture nor post-incubation treatment of the viruses for HA activation. The invention further relates to influenza A and B master strain candidates and to vaccines made thereof.

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LIVE VACCINE AND METHOD OF MANUFACTURE

TECHNICAL FIELD

5 The present invention is in the field of virology and vaccine development and relates to an improved method of manufacture of a viral vaccine, particularly of a whole-virus vaccine, preferably of an attenuated live vaccine and to vaccines obtainable by the method.

10 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The influenza hemagglutinin (HA) antigen is the major target for the protective immune responses of a host to the virus.

A common practice of recovering new viral isolates involves recovery from a 15 nasal or throat swab or from a similar source, followed by cultivation of the isolates in embryonated chicken eggs. The virus adapts to its egg host and large scale production of the virus can be carried out in eggs. Such conventional methodology involving embryonated chicken eggs to produce influenza vaccine is, however, extremely cumbersome, involving the handling of many thousands 20 of eggs per week as well as extensive purification of the virus suspension derived from the allantoic fluid to ensure freedom from egg protein.

Another disadvantage in the use of chicken embryos for virus production lies in the fact that this substrate strongly favors the selection of virus variants that 25 differ in their antigenic specificity from the wildtype virus and not rarely results in viruses that may not be suitable for vaccine production due to their altered phenotypes including, for instance, considerable reduction in immunogenicity.

Many attempts have therefore been undertaken in the art to utilize standard 30 tissue culture technology with established mammalian cell lines, such as MDCK (Madin-Darby Canine Kidney) or Vero (African Green Monkey Kidney) cells, for virus production, particularly influenza virus production.

One of the difficulties in growing influenza strains in tissue cell culture arises 35 from the necessity for proteolytic cleavage of the influenza hemagglutinin in the host cell. Cleavage of the virus HA precursor into the HA1 and HA2 subfragments, although not necessary for the assembly of the viral elements to

form a complete virion, is required, however, to render the virion infective, i.e. to enable it to infect a new cell.

It has been reported (e.g. Lazarowitz et al., "Enhancement of the Infectivity of 5 Influenza and B Viruses by Proteolytic Cleavage of the Hemagglutinin Polypeptide", *Virology*, 68:440-454, 1975) that the limited replication of several influenza A strains in standard cell cultures could be overcome by the addition of proteases like trypsin to the tissue culture medium. Yet, there remained difficulties in some cases, for instance when using Vero cells.

10

Kaverian and Webster (*J Virol* 69/4:2700-2703, 1995) report that in Vero cell cultures, and less pronounced in MDCK, swine kidney, or rhesus monkey kidney cell cultures, the trypsin activity in the medium rapidly decreased from the onset of incubation resulting in the failure of virus accumulation in the medium due to 15 the lack of production of a sufficient number of infective virions. They concluded that a trypsin inhibiting factor was released from the Vero cells. They further showed that by repeated addition of trypsin reproduction of virus could be resumed and maintained for a number of reproduction cycles resulting in a much better virus yield.

20

Another way for efficient vaccine production was reported in US 5,753,489 wherein serum-free medium was used for virus propagation in a number of different mammalian cells including MDCK and Vero cells. The method disclosed therein comprises growing vertebrate cells in serum-free medium, infecting the 25 cell culture with a virus, incubating the cell culture infected with the virus, removing a portion of the virus-containing medium and contacting this portion with a protease, thereafter adding to that portion a protease inhibitor and returning that portion to the cell culture. It is preferred therein to provide the steps of growing, infecting and incubating in a first vessel and the steps of 30 trypsin-contacting and inhibitor-adding are performed in a second vessel connected with the first vessel in a loop so that the steps o can be performed in a closed cycle. This system allows to use trypsin or other proteolytic enzymes at much higher concentrations than those normally tolerated by cells in culture.

35 EP 0870508 reports a method to produce a viral antigen vaccine comprising infecting an animal cell line, optionally a Vero cell line, with virus, propagating virus in the cell culture, adding a nuclease enzyme to the cell culture shortly

before the end of virus propagation to digest nucleic acid material released from the lysing host cells into the medium, harvesting the virus and obtaining viral antigens thereof by extraction in order to make the viral antigen vaccine. The patent is silent with regard to the kind of nutrient medium used for virus

5 propagation and also with regard to the addition of a protease, usually required for the final processing of influenza virus hemagglutinin to get infectious virus. The method further requires various purification steps for providing a ready-for-use vaccine preparation.

10 It is known, however, that the nature the host substrate as well as the composition of the nutrient medium used for virus propagation may significantly affect immunogenicity and antigenicity of the virus progeny obtained therewith. Particularly, serum-containing media may not only decrease antigenicity of viral progeny but additionally may decrease protease activity in the medium, hence 15 inhibit virus maturation, and subsequently require expensive steps of purification.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

20 The present invention overcomes the drawbacks of the prior art. It relates to a simple and efficient process for isolating viruses from various sources and for producing viral progeny for use as vaccines, particularly live attenuated influenza vaccines, in under conditions where alterations in the surface antigens of the virus due to adaptive selection are minimized or entirely prevented.

25 It is also an object of the present invention to provide for a method for the production of viruses, particularly influenza viruses, that yields viral progeny that selectively agglutinates human erythrocytes but not chicken erythrocytes, and that preferably has antigenic properties identical with those of the initially 30 inoculated virus strain, e.g. a primary clinical wildtype isolate.

In a preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid sequence of the HA gene and optionally of the NA gene of the propagated virus is identical with the one of the initially inoculated strain (e.g. an epidemic strain, primary clinical isolate of 35 an infected patient).

It is another object of the invention to provide a method for efficient production of a whole-virus vaccine, particularly a live attenuated vaccine, in a single step procedure that does not require any chromatographic or other purification steps of the virus suspension harvested from the cell culture supernatant by 5 centrifugation, particularly no protein separation or purification steps.

It is yet another object of the invention to provide attenuated, cold adapted and temperature sensitive influenza A and B strains and vaccines made thereof.

10 BIREF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a graphic illustration of the time course of trypsin inactivation in the supernatant of a Vero cell culture.

15 Fig. 2 is a graphic illustration of the time course of trypsin inactivation in the supernatant of a MDCK cell culture.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

20 Comparative experiments using embryonated eggs, MDCK and Vero cells clearly proved that the initially inoculated virus is likely to undergo antigenic alteration during growth on any one of these substrates

Our experiments confirmed that the alterations are least or even absent for 25 influenza virus strains grown on Vero cells in serum-free medium. Moreover, it turned out that influenza A viruses, at least strains of the H3N2 subtype, when multiplied on Vero cells in serum-free and protein-free medium exhibit a selectivity for agglutination of human erythrocytes but not for chicken erythrocytes. Also, they did not grow on eggs. This was a first indication that 30 these Vero-grown viruses might be more identical with the wildtype virus of the corresponding clinical isolate than the ones grown on MDCK cells or eggs.

Indeed, comparison of the HA and NA gene sequences of wildtype isolates obtained from nasal swabs with the ones of the same viruses after growth on 35 Vero and MDCK cells, respectively, revealed alterations in the HA or NA of MDCK-grown viruses relative to the HA or NA of the swab isolates or of the Vero-grown viruses or of both the swab isolates and the Vero-grown viruses.

Moreover, experimental data obtained from immunizations of ferrets with Vero- and MDCK-grown wildtype viruses indicate a far stronger virulence of the Vero-grown viruses compared to the MDCK-grown viruses. Also, the immunogenicity of the Vero-grown viruses tested in an animal trial on macaques was 5 demonstrated to be significantly superior to the one of the viruses grown on MDCK cells or eggs.

These findings together provide strong evidence for the hypothesis that the process for the multiplication and propagation of viruses according to the 10 present invention as hereinafter described in more detail yields viruses that are either unaltered compared to the initially inoculated (e.g. wildtype) virus or are modified to only a minor extent.

It is not only the avoidance of antigenic alterations that makes the present 15 process of virus multiplication so unique, but it is also its striking simplicity which makes it extremely suitable for large scale industrial vaccine production.

Further experiments have shown that the source of trypsin (or trypsinogen) may be one additional factor that influences the overall yield of infective virions. 20 Indeed, while the methods known in the art (e.g., Kaverin and Webster, J Virol 69/4:2700-2703, 1995; or US 5,753,489) use either repeated addition of trypsin (Kaverin and Webster) or high trypsin concentrations (US 5,753,489), the process according to the present invention applies only half or less of the trypsin concentrations reported in the prior art. Moreover, a single addition of as 25 little as 0.5 - 10 µg, preferably 2 - 5 µg trypsin per ml to the cell culture medium prior to or at the beginning of incubation of the infected host cells is sufficient to reach optimal infective virus titers. Inactivation experiments revealed that porcine or human recombinant trypsins are far less susceptible to inactivation by Vero or MDCK cells than bovine trypsin. Since bovine trypsin is 30 most commonly used in the art it is rather likely that prior art literature unless explicitly mentioning another trypsin source, implicitly refers to bovine trypsin only. This would also help to explain the modes and concentrations of trypsin application recited, for instance, in Kaverin et al. and in US 5,753,489.

35 Using porcine or human rec trypsin or trypsinogen for initially supplementing the serum-free medium for Vero cell cultures according to the present invention therefore allows to use extremely low trypsin or trypsinogen concentrations and

thus prevents the need of labor-intensive and costly purification steps after harvesting of the virus-containing supernatant.

Another step that contributes to make the present process simple and therefore

5 attractive to vaccine manufacturers is the addition of a single dose of highly active endonuclease to the cell culture medium prior to or at the beginning of incubation of the infected Vero cells for virus propagation. This endonuclease, preferably Benzonase™, is added once to the medium at a very low initial concentration of 2 - 30, preferably 5 - 15, Units per ml of medium and

10 effectively clears the cell culture medium from free DNA and RNA originating mainly from the lysing or lysed host cells. The residual Benzonase enzyme concentration in the ready-for-use vaccine preparations obtained from the centrifuged supernatant remains at 5 ng or less per dose.

15 Benzonase™ is a trademark of Nycomed Pharma A/S Denmark and relates to an extracellular unspecific endonuclease obtained from *Serratia marcescens*. Benzonase is a genetically engineered endonuclease which degrades both DNA and RNA strands in many forms to small oligonucleotides. It promotes quick reduction of the viscosity of cell lysates, which facilitates ultracentrifugation. It

20 reduces proteolysis and increases the yield in targeted protein and offers complete elimination of nucleic acids from, e.g. recombinant, proteins. It has an exceptionally high activity of 400,000 U/mg.

A third and important advantage of the present process is the factor time hence

25 process costs. Due to the use of serum-free medium that does not contain proteins of animal origin and preferably no antibiotics, expensive and time-consuming purification procedures can be reduced to a minimum or even totally avoided. Also, because the addition of exogenous enzymes such as the protease (e.g. trypsin or trypsinogen) and nuclease (e.g. Benzonase) occurs

30 once at the beginning of the virus propagation phase this saves plenty of time that the state-of-the-art methods require for post-incubation treatment of the virus-containing culture supernatant (e.g., HA activation, RNA/DNA digestion, protein purification, etc.).

Surprisingly, it turned out that the early addition of either or both of protease

35 (e.g. trypsin or trypsinogen) and nuclease (e.g. Benzonase) to the virus-infected Vero-cell culture had no negative implications on the virus yield, which is

probably due to the very low enzyme concentrations applicable in the process of the present invention.

The present process of virus propagation is useful for the multiplication of 5 various kinds of viruses, particularly influenza A viruses of the H3N2 subtype, but is also suitable for the isolation and reproduction of any epidemic or laboratory influenza virus strain, regardless of the kind of virus inoculum (e.g., blood serum sample, nasal wash, nasal swab, pharyngeal swab, saliva, etc.). Using the principles of this process, a number of influenza A and B vaccines has 10 been produced which are part of the present invention and which are characterized in more detail in the subsequent Examples. Also, protective efficacy as well as vaccine safety have been confirmed for the vaccines made according to the present invention, as will be demonstrated in the Examples.

15 The term "protein-free" or "free of non-serum proteins" as used herein in connection with the method of virus multiplication or propagation according to the present invention shall mean free of any functionally active protein. It shall not exclude, however, non-functional peptides as may originate from protein 20 hydrolysates such as yeast extract or soya extract. Unless stated otherwise, the term "protein-free" shall neither exclude the presence of a protease and a nuclease enzyme at the concentrations disclosed and claimed herein.

In a preferred embodiment, the present invention relates to a simple, reliable 25 and highly economic method for the manufacture of a whole-virus vaccine, preferably of an attenuated live vaccine, comprising the steps of:
a) infecting African Green Monkey Kidney (Vero) cells with a desired virus, wherein the Vero cells have been grown in and separated from a serum-free medium that is also free of non-serum proteins;
30 b) combining the infected cells with a suitable serum-free cell culture medium that is also free of non-serum proteins except for a protease and a nuclease; and
c) incubating the cells in the presence of said protease and said nuclease to allow for production of infectious virus and, simultaneously, for digestion of 35 nucleic acid material released to the cell culture medium;
d) harvesting infectious virus by collecting virus-containing supernatant obtained from centrifugation of the cell culture; and

e) preparing a vaccine thereof comprising subjecting the virus-containing supernatant to at least one processing step selected from the group consisting of filtering, concentrating, freezing, freeze-drying, and stabilizing by addition of a stabilizing agent.

5

It is preferred that the virus used for propagation has never had any contact to a host substrate other than a Vero cell line. This will ensure best results with regard to immunogenic and antigenic identity of the initial virus (e.g. nasal swab isolate) and the viral progeny obtained after propagation.

10

It is also preferred that the virus used for propagation, particularly for the manufacture of a whole-virus vaccine, preferably an influenza attenuated live vaccine, is an influenza virus selected from the group consisting of strains A/Sing/1/57ca, A/Sing/1/57ca/ΔNS 87, A/Sing/1/57ca/ΔNSPR8,

15 A/Sing/1/57ca/NS124PR8, B/Vienna/1/99ca, B/Vienna/99/ca37 and any attenuated variants and reassortants derived from any one of these strains. The genetic characteristics of the preferred virus strains, e.g. master strains, are disclosed in full detail in the subsequent Examples.

20 In another embodiment, the present invention refers to a whole-virus vaccine itself, preferably to an attenuated live vaccine, which in its ready-for-use form comprises essentially unmodified, optionally filtered and/or concentrated, virus-containing supernatant of a serum-free and protein-free Vero cell culture used for production of said virus. It is particularly preferred that the vaccine is

25 produced according to the method of the present invention as disclosed and claimed herein.

This "one-step" vaccine, which does not require further processing, e.g., purification steps other than centrifugation and/or conventional filtration (i.e. not gel filtration), is compliant with the requirements for FDA approval.

30

The term "essentially unmodified" as used herein with regard to virus-containing supernatant in vaccine preparations according to the present invention shall refer to the composition of the supernatant as is at the time of harvesting the propagated virus, i.e. to the composition of the soluble components and

35 ingredients present in the liquid phase of the supernatant. Minor alterations of the composition of ingredients as may occur due to steps of, for example, filtration, sterile filtration, centrifugation, concentration, drying, or freeze-drying

of the virus-containing supernatant, shall be regarded as falling within the scope of "essentially unmodified". Also, the term shall not exclude the presence of preserving and/or stabilizing agents usually applied in the art to vaccine preparations.

5

The whole-virus vaccines of the present invention may be used for the prophylactic or therapeutic treatment of viral infections, particularly of influenza virus infections. They may be administered as known in the art, e.g. intravenously, subcutaneously, intramuscularly or, most preferably, intranasally.

10 The virus strains disclosed herein and the vaccines made thereof may, however, also be used as vectors or shuttles to present heterologous antigens to the immune system, e.g. antigens of viral envelope proteins such HIV-1 or hepatitis antigens.

15 Further preferred embodiments are defined in the dependent claims.

In order that the invention described herein may be more fully understood, the following Examples are set forth. They are for illustrative purposes only and are not to be construed as limiting this invention in any respect.

20

Example 1: Virus production

Cultivation of Vero /SF (= serum-free) cells:

25 SF-Medium: DMEM (Biochrom F0435), Ham's F12 (Biochrom F0815), 5mM L-Gln, 0.1% SF-supplement (a) or (b); antibiotics (only for first passage of virus isolation).

SF-Supplement: protein hydrolysate of non-animal origin, without functional proteins such as insulin, transferrin or growth factors:

30 a) 62.5 g hy-soy/UF, Quest 5X59100, to 500 g HQ-water, filtered with PES 0.2 µm filter;
b) 12.5 g hy-pep 1510, Quest, to 100 g HQ-water, filtered with PES 0.2 µm filter.

35 The content of a deep frozen (liquid nitrogen) disinfected (70% ethanol) ampule of WCB Vero cells was thawed and added to 9 ml of cold serum-free (SF) medium in a 10 ml tube and centrifuged for 10 min at 1000rpm (170 g). The

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pellet was resuspended in SF-medium to a total of 30 ml, transferred to a 80 cm² Roux bottle and incubated at 37°C and 7%CO₂ for at least 15 min. Thereafter, the medium was removed and the cells were washed with approx. 0.1 ml/cm² PBS def. (= PBS without Ca²⁺ and Mg²⁺). Addition of 5 trypsin/EDTA-solution (8-10 µl/cm²; 0.1% trypsin / 0.02% EDTA-solution) and incubation at room temperature for about 3 min. Detaching by gently pushing the Roux bottle against palm of the hand, addition of SF-medium and trypsin inhibitor (Sigma, T6522) at a quantity of about 1/5 of volume of the trypsin/EDTA solution. Repartition of the cell suspension to Roux bottles or 10 roller bottles, incubation at 37°C and 9% CO₂.

MDCK cells were grown in DMEM/Ham's F12 + 2% FCS (heat inactivated); embryonated hen eggs were 11-12 days old and of SPF (specific pathogen free) origin.

15

Propagation of virus strains:

Old medium from roller bottles containing Vero cells was removed and cells were infected with virus by addition of 5 ml virus suspension in SF-medium to 20 each roller bottle, resulting in an MOI (multiplicity of infection) of approximately 0.01. After incubation for 45 minutes at 33°C the virus inoculum was removed with a pipette. 90ml of SF-medium supplemented with 0.5 - 10, preferably 2 - 5 and most preferably 2 µg/ml porcine trypsin (supplier: AvP) or human recombinant trypsin or trypsinogen (own production) and 0.5 g/l sodium 25 bicarbonate were added to each roller bottle and the bottles incubated at 33°C and 5% CO₂. For the production of attenuated live vaccine samples for use in animal testing and in human clinical trials the SF-medium was supplemented with trypsin and, additionally, with BenzonaseTM at a concentration of 2 - 30, preferably 5 - 15, and most preferably 10 Units of BenzonaseTM per ml of 30 medium. Virus was harvested after 64 hours post infection by centrifugation of the culture supernatant for 5 min at 4000 rpm (3000g) at 10°C in 50 ml-tubes. The supernatant was pooled for each virus strain and stored at +4°C. Aliquots thereof were used for vaccine testing.

35 For storage purposes the virus preparations may be freeze-dried and stabilizer such as, for example, trehalose and lactalbumin enzymatic hydrolysate in HEPES buffer may be added. Reconstitution may be done with sterile water.

Example 2: Comparison of trypsin inactivation in cell cultures

Table 1: Trypsin inactivation in Vero vs. MDCK cell culture

	Vero / MDCK			
	0 h	24 h	48 h	72 h
bovine trypsin	0.314/0.314	0.199/0.239	0.110/0.201	0.026/0.203
porcine trypsin (high)	0.230/0.230	0.201/0.206	0.171/0.209	0.133/0.201
porcine trypsin (low)	0.129/0.129	0.108/0.118	0.081/0.099	0.054/0.116
human rec trypsin	0.097/0.097	0.054/0.088	0.026/0.080	0.008/0.076

5 Supernatants obtained from uninfected Vero cell cultures (grown in SF medium as described in Example 1) and MDCK cell cultures (grown in FCS-supplemented medium as described in Example 1) were tested for their capacity to inactivate trypsin of different origin that has been added to the supernatant at time = 0 h at equal concentrations each. Porcine trypsin has been applied in two different 10 qualities (obtained from different manufacturers), i.e. with high or low activity. The results are presented in Table 1 and in Figures 1 and 2.

The data unambiguously show that bovine trypsin is rapidly inactivated in Vero cell culture supernatant and less rapidly in MDCK cell culture supernatant.

15 Porcine and human rec trypsin (manufactured in our laboratories) remain fully active in MDCK supernatants while they are gradually inactivated in Vero supernatants at approximately half or less of the velocity of bovine trypsin inactivation. The difference of the porcine trypsins tested is only in the starting OD-level at 247 nm, while the inactivation characteristics are essentially 20 identical for both lots of porcine trypsin.

Example 3: Comparison of various viral properties after growth on different host cell substrates

25 Virus propagation was carried out as described in Example 1 for the different host cell substrates. Each of the seven isolates recovered on Vero cells was reactive with human erythrocytes but not with chicken erythrocytes and none of them accumulated in embryonated eggs. On the other hand, all isolates recovered on MDCK cells were reactive both with chicken and human 30 erythrocytes and were capable of growing in eggs. Although these differences were not seen in influenza A viruses of the H1N1 subtype nor in influenza B

isolates (see subsequent Tables 3 and 4), it may nevertheless be assumed that cultivation of influenza viruses on Vero cells will maintain antigenic properties more properly than cultivation on other substrates.

5 Table 2: Characteristics of H3N2 viruses isolated from clinical material on Vero/SF cells

Isolate number	Antigenically related to	Isolated on	HA titer with		Growth in eggs
			chicken erys	human erys	
A/47/96	A/Johannesburg/33/94	Vero	-	+	-
		MDCK	+	+	+
A/7729/98	A/Sydney/5/97	Vero	-	+	-
		MDCK	+	+	+
A/1143/99	A/Sydney/5/97	Vero	-	+	-
		MDCK	+	+	+
A/1144/99	A/Sydney/5/97	Vero	-	+	-
		MDCK	+	+	+
A/1179/99	A/Sydney/5/97	Vero	-	+	-
		MDCK	+	+	+
A/1180/99	A/Sydney/5/97	Vero	-	+	-
		MDCK	+	+	+
A/1182/99	A/Sydney/5/97	Vero	-	+	-
		MDCK	+	+	+

From the data in Table 3 it appears that H1N1 influenza viruses may be less susceptible to adaptive selection, as the Vero and MDCK-grown isolates do not 10 exhibit significant differences in their hemagglutination characteristics nor in their HA sequences. A similar conclusion may be drawn for the B isolates listed in Table 4.

The clinical starting material (e.g. serum samples, swabs) for virus isolation and replication was primarily obtained from:

1. Institute of Virology, Vienna, Austria (Prof. F. Heinz) 1995/96, 1996/97
2. Unité de Génétique Moléculaire des Virus Respiratoires, Institute Pasteur, Paris, France (Prof. S. van der Werf) 1996/97
3. Public Health Laboratory Service, London, UK (Dr. M. Zambon) 1996/97
4. Laboratoire Central de Virologie, Hôpitaux Universitaires de Genève, Geneva, Switzerland (Dr. W. Wunderli) 1996/97, 1997/98

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5. Virus Unit, Queen Mary Hospital, Hong Kong (Dr. W.L. Lim) 1997/98

Table 3: Characteristics of H1N1 viruses isolated from clinical material on Vero/SF cells

Isolate number	Antigenically related to	Isolated on	HA titer with		Growth in eggs	Changes in HA1 at position
			chicken erys	human erys		
A/5389/95	A/Bayern/7/95	Vero	+	+	+	D
		MDCK	+	+	+	D
A/1035/98	A/Beijing/262/95	Vero	+	+	+	D
		MDCK	+	+	+	D
		Egg	+	+	+	G
		Swab				D
A/1131/98	A/Beijing/262/95	Vero	+	+	+	D
		MDCK	+	+	+	D
		Swab				D
A/1134/98	A/Beijing/262/95	Vero	+	+	+	D
		MDCK	+	+	+	D
		Egg	+	+	+	n.t.
		Swab				D

5

Tabelle 4: Characteristics of B viruses isolated from clinical material on Vero/SF cells

Isolate number	Antigenically related to	Isolated on	HA titer with		Growth in eggs	Changes in HA1 at position
			chicken erys	human erys		
B/4291/97	B/Beijing/184/93	Vero	+	+	+	identical
		MDCK	+	+	+	
B/1/99	B/Beijing/184/93	Vero	+	+	+	T(g.s)
		MDCK	+	+	+	T(g.s)
		EGG	+	+	+	A
		Swab				T(g.s)

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B/110/99	n.t.	Vero MDCK	+	+	+	identical
B/147/99	n.t.	Vero MDCK	+	+	+	identical
B/156/99	B/Beijing/184/93	Vero MDCK	+	+	+	identical
B/157/99	B/Beijing/184/93	Vero MDCK	+	+	+	identical

Table 5: Amino acid changes in HA, NA and M proteins of H3N2 influenza viruses isolated on different host systems

Isolate number	T(g.s)	Changes at positions								
		HA						NA	M	
		128	129	229	133	218	220	136	151	
A/47/98 Vero	T(g.s)									
A/47/98 MDCK	A									
A/7729/98 Vero		E	R							
A/7729/98 MDCK		G	K							
A/1143/99 Swab				N(g.s)	G			n.t	n.t	n.t
A/1143/99 Vero				N(g.s)	G			D	D	identical
A/1143/99 MDCK				D	E			G	G	
A/1144/99 Swab						R		n.t	n.t	n.t
A/1144/99 Vero						R		identical	identical	identical
A/1144/99 MDCK						G				
A/1179/99 Swab		identical					n.t		n.t	
A/1179/99 Vero							identical		identical	
A/1179/99 MDCK										
A/1180/99 Swab		identical					n.t	n.t	n.t	
A/1180/99 Vero							Q		identical	
A/1180/99 MDCK							R			
A/1182/99 Swab		identical					n.t		n.t	
A/1182/99 Vero							n.t		n.t	
A/1182/99 MDCK							n.t		n.t	

5

The results show that with some isolates there was no alteration of the HA sequence of Vero or MDCK propagated viruses over the HA sequence directly obtained from the swab material by PCR amplification. In some other isolates

- 15 -

grown on MDCK cells the HA and/or NA sequences were deviating from the corresponding sequences obtained on Vero cells. The Vero-derived viruses did not show, however, any deviations in the HA sequence over the HA sequence of the swab isolates, where determined.

5

Table 6: Immunogenicity of Vero-, MDCK- and Egg-derived viruses for macaques

Animal number	Virus for immunization	Dose, PFU/ml	Serum HI titers
96	A/Vienna/47/96 V	5x10 ⁴	256
88	A/Vienna/47/96 V	5x10 ⁴	128
15	A/Vienna/47/96 V	1.0x10 ⁶	128
95	A/Vienna/47/96 V	1.0x10 ⁶	256
93	A/Vienna/47/96 M	1.0x10 ⁶	16
128	A/Johannesburg/33/94 E	5x10 ⁶	32
110	A/Vienna/157/97 V	5x10 ⁴	128
78	A/Wuhan/359/95 E	5x10 ⁶	32

The Macaques were immunized i.n. in the absence of anesthesia with 1 ml of virus suspension

10 V - Vero- isolated virus

M - MDCK -isolated viruses

E - egg isolated viruses

15 Table 7: Virulence of Vero- and MDCK- derived variants of A/Vienna/47/96 wt virus for ferrets

Viruses	Virus dose, PFU/ml	Number of animals with fever on day		
		1	2	3
A/Vienna/47/96 Vero	2x10 ²	FF	FFF	
	1x10 ³	FFF	FFF	
A/Vienna/47/96 MDCK	5x10 ²			
	5x10 ³		FF	
	5x10 ⁴	FF	F	F

Animals were immunized i.n. under ether narcosis with 1 ml of virus suspension.

N- normal temperature from 38.1°C to 39.9°C;

F- fever, more than 40.0°C.

The most surprising, yet important result in Table 6 is the very low immunogenicity of MDCK-derived A/Vienna/47/96 virus compared with the corresponding Vero-derived virus. It is no particular surprise that the egg-derived viruses show only poor immunogenicity.

5

Similarly, the results listed in Table 7 indicate that Vero-derived viruses are less, if at all, altered by adaptive selection on their host substrate in comparison to MDCK-derived viruses. This means that relative to the MDCK-derived viruses the Vero-derived viruses maintain more or even all of the immunologically relevant, particularly antigenic, properties of the original virus.

10

Example 4: Vaccine production with preferred strains

The process described in Example 1 was also used for the production of vaccine samples for animal testing and human clinical studies. It is understood that the process of virus propagation described therein also encompasses variations that could be suggested or applied by a person of ordinary skills in the art without inventive input and as long as the variations do not change the sense of the present invention as described herein and in the claims.

20

Vaccine samples containing one or more of the preferred influenza A or B wildtype strains, master strains or reassortant strains (that are subsequently described in more detail) were exclusively produced using the continuous Vero cell line as the host cell system (unless for purposes of comparison with samples obtained from other host substrates) in serum-free medium additionally supplemented with the nutritional ingredients and enzymes as described in Example 1.

Some methods suitable for modifying wildtype viruses including the methods of attenuation (e.g., temperature sensitivity), cold adaptation and reassortment are known in the art and extensively reviewed, for instance, in WO 99/64068.

Further characteristics of the two most preferred influenza A and B master strain candidates useful for attenuated live vaccine production, e.g., by 6/2 reassortment with the HA and NA genes of actual epidemic influenza viruses recommended by the WHO, are given in the following Tables 8 - 13.

35

Table 8: Characteristics of master strain candidates for live influenza vaccines

	Influenza A <i>A/Singapore/1/57/ca</i> H2N2	Influenza B <i>B/Vienna/1/99/ca</i>
Passage history	A/Singapore/1/57 wt egg derived H2N2 20 passages at 37°C on Vero/SF cells 25 passages at 25°C on Vero/SF cells	B/Vienna/1/99 wt Vero derived 1 additional passage at 33°C on Vero/SF cells 22 passages at 25°C on Vero/SF cells
Method of attenuation	Serial passages at optimal and suboptimal temperature on heterologous system	Serial passages at optimal and suboptimal temperature on heterologous system
Phenotypic markers	temperature sensitive (ts) cold adapted (ca) very low reproduction in mouse lungs	temperature sensitive (ts) cold adapted (ca) very low reproduction in mouse lungs
Genotypic markers	Mutations: 13 (8 coding) PB2 3 (2 coding) PB1 2 (1 coding) PA 4 (3 coding) NP 1 M 2 (2 coding) NS 1	Mutations: 5 (3 coding) PB2 0 PB1 1 PA 0 NP 2 (1 coding) M 1 NS 1

Table 9: Full Sequence of the 8 genome segments and of the 10 corresponding proteins of strain *A/Singapore/1/57/ca*

A/Singapore/1/57/ca (H2N2)			
RNA segment	Nucleotide sequence (cDNA)	Protein	Amino acid sequence
1	SEQ ID No. 1	PB2	SEQ ID No. 9
2	SEQ ID No. 2	PB1	SEQ ID No. 10
3	SEQ ID No. 3	PA	SEQ ID No. 11
4	SEQ ID No. 4	HA	SEQ ID No. 12
5	SEQ ID No. 5	NP	SEQ ID No. 13
6	SEQ ID No. 6	NA	SEQ ID No. 14
7	SEQ ID No. 7	M1 M2	SEQ ID No. 15 SEQ ID No. 16
8	SEQ ID No. 8	NS1 NS2	SEQ ID No. 17 SEQ ID No. 18

ca - cold adapted

It shall be noted, however, that the genome segments No. 4 and 6, i.e., the HA and NA genes, are not required to characterize the influenza A master strain 5 candidates, because these genes will be exchanged for the corresponding genes of actual epidemic influenza viruses (as mentioned hereinbefore). The features important for the safety of a vaccine, e.g. temperature sensitivity, or features that allow intranasal administration of a vaccine, namely cold adaptation (because the average temperature in a nose is lower than the usual body 10 temperature), are primarily caused by mutations in the remaining 6 genome segments.

The following Table 10 lists the mutations in the genome segments of A/Singapore/1/57/ca compared to the corresponding wildtype strain 15 A/Singapore/1/57/wt.

Table 10: Mutations in the genome segments of attenuated, temperature sensitive, cold adapted influenza strain A/Singapore/1/57/ca compared to A/Singapore/1/57/wt strain

RNA segment	Length (n'ds)	Nucleotides changed		Protein	Length (aa)	Amino acids changed	
		position	wt ca			position	wt ca
1	2341	252	a g	PB2	771	-	- -
		581*	t c			185 I	T
		1046*	g t			340 R	I
2	2341	1279* 1965	t a a c	PB1	757	419 L -	I -
						- -	-
3	2233	707* 1425	a t a a	PA	716	228 I	N
		1537* 1819*	a g g c			- -	-
						505 V	I
						598 Q	E
5	1565	210	g a	NP	506	- -	- -
7	1027	327* 499*	g a g c	M1	252	101 R	K
						158 Q	R
				M2	97	- -	- -
8	890	813	a g	NS1 NS2	237	- -	- -
					121	- -	- -

20 Total number of mutations - 13 (8 coding)

* coding mutations

Preferred variants of A/Sing/1/57/ca comprise the ones listed in the following Table 11, wherein "Δ" means "del" or "delta" and stands for a mutant that contains at least one "deletion" in its NS gene segment.

5 Table 11: Preferred variants of A/Sing/1/57/ca

	A/Sing/1/57/ca	Sing ca/ ΔNS 87	Sing ca/ ΔNSPR8	Sing ca/ NS124PR8
PB2 (Sing ca*)	○●●	○●●	○●●	○●●
PB1 (Sing ca*)	●○	●○	●○	●○
PA (Sing ca*)	●○●●	●○●●	●○●●	●○●●
HA	████████	████████	████████	████████
NP (Sing ca*)	●	●	●	●
NA	████████	████████	████████	████████
M1,2 (Sing ca*)	●●○	●●○	●●○	●●○
NS1,2 (Sing ca*)	○	████○		
NS1,2 (PR8**)			████████ del NS1	████████ Stop 124 NS1
Phenotypes				
ca	+	+	+	+
ts	+	+	+	+
IFN-induct.	-	+/-	+	+
IFN-sensit	-	+	+	-

* genome segment originating from A/Singapore/1/57/ca

** genome segment originating from influenza A/PR8/34

ca - cold adapted; ts - temperature sensitive;

aa - amino acid(s)

10 IFN-induct. - strain causes interferon release in host substrates that are able of IFN production, as well as in animal or human immune systems upon administration.

IFN-sensit. - strain is sensitive towards interferon; replication in IFN producing systems is reduced or stopped.

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Sing ca/ΔNS 87 - strain A/Singapore/1/57/ca containing deletion of 87 amino acids in NS1 gene at aa position 36-123.

Sing ca/ΔNSPR8 - strain A/Singapore/1/57/ca containing the NS gene segment from A/PR8/34 (herein also abbreviated "PR8") which contains a 5 deletion of the entire NS1 gene.

Sing ca/NS124PR8 - strain A/Singapore/1/57/ca containing the NS gene segment from A/PR8/34 which contains a stop codon at aa position 124 of the NS1 gene.

+/- means that the phenotype needs further clarification and can not yet be 10 unambiguously defined.

The following Tables 12, 13 and 13A refer to preferred influenza B master strain candidates and to variations and reassortants, respectively, thereof.

15 Table 12: Full Sequence of the 8 genome segments and of the 11 corresponding proteins of strain B/Vienna/1/99/ca

B/Vienna/1/99/ca			
RNA segment	Nucleotide sequence (cDNA)	Protein	Amino acid sequence
1	SEQ ID No. 19	PB2	SEQ ID No. 27
2	SEQ ID No. 20	PB1	SEQ ID No. 28
3	SEQ ID No. 21	PA	SEQ ID No. 29
4	SEQ ID No. 22	HA ₀	SEQ ID No. 30
5	SEQ ID No. 23	NP	SEQ ID No. 31
6	SEQ ID No. 24	NB	SEQ ID No. 32
		NA	SEQ ID No. 33
7	SEQ ID No. 25	M1	SEQ ID No. 34
		BM2	SEQ ID No. 35
8	SEQ ID No. 26	NS1	SEQ ID No. 36
		NS2	SEQ ID No. 37

ca - cold adapted

The original strain B/Vienna/1/99 was isolated on Vero cell culture grown with 20 serum-free medium in February 1999 in Vienna, Austria from a 12 year old female with acute influenza. It was rated as B/Beijing/184/93-like by the Center for Disease Control (CDC), Atlanta, USA. After an additional passage at 33°C the wildtype strain - designated as B/Vienna/1/99 wt - was attenuated by 22

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serial passages at 25°C using the same cell culture system. The plaque purification was done at 25°C for the first and at 33°C for the following four rounds. The derived plaque purified clone was amplified and stored at -70°C, designated as B/Vienna/1/99 ca or briefly BV22. The identity as a

5 B/Beijing/184/93-like virus was confirmed by HI-assay with standard anti-serum from NIBSC.

Table 13: Mutations in B/Vienna/1/99/ca (=BV22) compared to B/Vienna/1/99/wt (BVie) 1. passage on Vero/SF

Segment (length in nucleotides)	Nucleotides changed			Protein (length in amino acids)	Amino acids changed		
	Posi- tion	BVie	BV22		Posi- tion	BVie	BV22
1 (2396)	-	-	-	PB2 (770)	-	-	-
2 (2369)	594	T	C	PB1 (752)	-	-	-
3 (2305)	-	-	-	PA (726)	-	-	-
4 (1882)	457	G	A	HA ₀ (584)	142	A	T
	1299	G	T		422	K	N
	1595	G	A		521	G	E
5 (1844)	128	C	T	NP (560)	23	S	F
	330	T	C		-	-	-
6 (1557)	-	-	-	NB (100)	-	-	-
	823	G	A	NA (466)	257	R	Q
	1135	T	C		361	I	T
7 (1190)	-	-	-	M1 (248)	-	-	-
	831	A	G	BM2 (109)	21	M	V
8 (1097)	116	G	A	NS1 (281)	25	A	T
	-	-	-	NS2 (122)	-	-	-

10

Table 26: Characterization of B/Vienna/1/99 wt according to Los Alamos National Library influenza database (db) (Web-adress: www.flu.lanl.gov)

B/Vienna/1/99 wt gene coding for	Accession Nr. amino acid seq.	Accession Nr. nucleotide seq	Remarks
PB2, segment 1	ISDACH017	ISDNCHB017	in db listed as segment 2
PB1, segment 2	ISDACH016	ISDNCHB016	in db listed as segment 1
PA, segment 3	ISDACH015	ISDNCHB015	
HA, segment 4	ISDACH018	ISDNCHB018	
NP, segment 5	ISDACH013	ISDNCHB013	
NA, segment 6	ISDACH012	ISDNCHB012	
M, segment 7	ISDACH011	ISDNCHB011	
NS, segment 8	ISDACH014	ISDNCHB014	

In addition, further passaging of strain B/Vienna/1/99 ca for 15 additional passages (i.e. a total of 37 passages on serum-free Vero cell culture) resulted in a mutant B/Vienna/1/99 ca37 (abbreviated BV37) with properties even superior to the ones of BV22. This mutant contains an increased number of mutations 5 vis-à-vis BV22 and appears to be the currently most promising candidate for the production of a whole-virus vaccine, particularly for an attenuated influenza live vaccine, based on a non-recombinant influenza virus mutant. The additional mutations are listed in Table 13A below:

Table 13 A: Mutations for BV22 and BV37 compared to B/Vienna/1/99 wt 1st 10 passage on Vero/SF

Segment (length in nucleotides)	Nucleotides changed				Protein (length in amino acids)	Amino acids changed			
	Pos.	BVie	BV22	BV37		Pos.	BVie	BV22	BV3 7
1 (2396)	-	-	-	-	PB2 (770)	-	-	-	-
2 (2369) (BV37: 2370)	594 2348	T -	<u>C</u> <u>A</u>	<u>C</u> <u>A</u>	PB1 (752)	-	-	-	-
3 (2305)	-	-	-	-	PA (726)	-	-	-	-
4 (1882)	457 1122 1299 1595	G C G G	A* C <u>T</u> <u>A</u>	A* <u>C</u> G A	HA ₀ (584)	142 363 422 521	A F K G	T ⁺ F N E	T ⁺ L K E
5 (1844)	128 212 330	C C T	<u>T</u> <u>C</u> <u>C</u> [#]	<u>T</u> <u>T</u> <u>C</u> [#]	NP (560)	23 51 -	S P -	F P -	F L -
6 (1557)	- 823 1135	- G T	- <u>A</u> <u>C</u> [*]	- G <u>C</u> [*]	NB (100) NA (466)	- 257 361	- R I	- <u>Q</u> <u>T</u> [•]	- R <u>T</u> [•]
7 (1190)	24 831 831 1029	G A A A	G <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>A</u>	<u>A</u> G G G	M1 (248) BM2 (109)	- 21 87	- M I	- <u>V</u> <u>V</u>	- - -
8 (1097)	116 -	G -	<u>A</u> -	<u>A</u> -	NS1 (281) NS2 (122)	25 -	A -	T -	T -

Comparison with influenza sequence database 13.2. 2001 (www.flu-lanl.gov):

a) unique mutations underlined in bold type;

b) mutations common with:

* B/Lee/40, B/Osaka/70, B/Kadoma/1076/99 (resulting amino acid: I)

15 + B/Lee/40, B/Osaka/70

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- # often: B/Lee/40, B/Ann Arbor/1/66 ca & wt, B/Singapore/222/79, B/North Dakota/83, B/Norway/1/84, B/Ibaraki/2/85, B/Ann Arbor/1/86, B/Victoria/2/87, B/Aichi/5/88
- B/Kanagawa/73

5 It shall be understood that the influenza A and B master strains according to the present invention shall not be limited to the features and genetic characteristics explicitly listed in the tables herein but shall also comprise minor variations thereof as long as such variations are in the sense of the present invention and do not substantially alter any one of the functional features of the virus.

10 Such variations may occur, for instance, due to additional steps of virus multiplication or propagation (e.g. for the purpose of obtaining material for sequence analyses). Moreover, the gene sequences listed herein include the primer sequences (located at the beginning and at the end of each genome segment) that were

15 used along with the present invention, which primer sequences may differ from the corresponding true sequences of the viral genome segments of either or both the wildtype and the attenuated virus strains.

Example 5: Vaccine safety and efficacy

20

The subsequent data confirm temperature sensitivity and vaccine safety for influenza vaccines manufactured according to the present invention, e.g., as described in Example 1.

25 Table 14: Antibody response of mice after one intranasal immunisation without narcosis

Viruses	Number of responders ¹	GMT ³	Protection after challenge ²
PR8/Sing ca -2/6	0/6	<4	5/6
PR8/Sing ca -ΔNS	4/6	6.7	5/6
PR8-wt	5/6	16.0	5/6

1 - number of animals with positive HI titer > 1:4

2 - number of animals without detectable virus in the lungs

3- Geometric mean titer of antibodies in serum

30

PR8wt – influenza strain A/PR/8/34 wildtype (H1N1), pathogenic for mice

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PR8/Sing ca-2/6 - is the reassortant between attenuated influenza strain A/Sing/1/57 ca and PR8 wt, containing 2 genes (HA and NA) from PR8wt virus and all other genes from A/Sing/1/57 ca.

PR8/Sing-ΔNS contains HA and NA genes from PR8wt, five genes from A/Sing/1/57 ca and the NS gene of PR8 origin lacking the NS1 coding sequence (NS1 deletion or knockout).

Table 15: Antibody response and protection of mice after intranasal immunisation with different variants of A/Singapore/1/57 virus (under 10 narcosis)

Viruses	Responders ¹		GMT after two immunisations	Protection after challenge ⁴
	1-st immunisation	2-nd immunisation		
A/Sing/1/57/wt va ²	9/9	9/9	103.9	9/9
A/Sing/1/57/ca ³	8/10	10/10	55.7	8/10
A/Sing /57/ΔNS 87	1/10	10/10	27.9	8/10

1 - number of animals with positive HI titer > 1:4

2 - va- Vero-adapted

3 - ca - cold-adapted

4 - number of animals without detectable virus in the lungs

15

Table 16: Reproduction of wt, va and ca variants of A/Singapore/1/57 in mouse lungs^a

Viruses	Virus titer in mouse lungs post infection on day, PFU/ml ^b		
	2	4	6
A/Singapore/1/57/wt	1.6x10 ⁶	2.2x10 ⁵	1.4x10 ³
A/Singapore/1/57/wt va	2.5x10 ⁶	2.1x10 ⁶	1.0x10 ²
A/Singapore/1/57/ca	< 10	< 10	< 10

^a Mice were infected i.n. with 50 µl of virus fluid with a titer 1.0×10^6 PFU/ml.

^b PFU/ml of 10% tissue suspension, titrated on MDCK cells.

20

Table 17: Virulence of wt and ca variants of A/Singapore/1/57 virus for ferrets

Viruses	Number of animals with fever post infection on day		
	1	2	3
A/Singapore/1/57 wt	FFF	NNN	NNN
A/Singapore/1/57 ca	NNN	NNN	NNN

Rectal temperature of animals was recorded twice a day and characterized as follows:

5 N - normal temperature from 38.1°C to 39.9 °C

F - fever, more than 40.0°C.

Each group consisted of 3 animals, which were immunized i.n. under ether narcosis with 1 ml of virus fluid with a titer of 2×10^6 PFU/ml.

10 Table 18: Reproduction of 2/6 reassortant of A/Hong Kong/1035/98 wt and A/Singapore/1/57/ca in mouse lungs^a

Viruses	Virus titer in mouse lungs on day 2-6 post infection, PFU/ml ^b		
	2	4	6
A/Hong Kong/1035/98 wt H1N1	6.8×10^4	2.0×10^4	< 10
A/Singapore/1/57/ca x A/Hong Kong/1035/98 wt	< 10	< 10	< 10

^a Mice were infected i.n. under ether narcosis with 50 µl of virus fluid.

^b PFU/ml of 10% tissue suspension, titrated on Vero/SF cells, data are given as

15 mean value for 6 mice (the lungs of each animal were treated separately).

The reassortant contains the HA and NA genes from A/Hong Kong/1035/98 wt wildtype and the other 6 genes from A/Singapore/1/57/ca.

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Table 19: Virulence of 6/2 reassortant of A/Vienna/47/96 wt and A/Singapore/1/57/ ca for ferrets

Viruses	Virus subtype	Number of animals with fever on day			
		1	2	3	Rhinitis ^b
<i>Master strain</i> A/Singapore/1/57/ ca	H2N2	NNN	NNN	NNN	+
<i>Epidemic virus</i> A/Vienna/47/96 wt	H3N2	NNN	FFF	FFF	+++
<i>Reassortant</i> A/Singapore/1/57/ca x Vienna/47/ 96 wt	H3N2	NNN	NNN	NNN	+

Animals were immunized i.n. under ether narcosis with 1 ml of virus, 2×10^6 PFU/ml.

5 N- normal temperature from 38.1°C to 39.9°C ;

F- fever, more than 40.0°C .

^b + ++ - severe rhinitis

± absence of rhinitis

10 The results presented in Tables 16 to 19 clearly demonstrate the safety of the vaccines containing the attenuated, temperature sensitive master strain or, in case of reassortants, of the vaccines based on the reassorted viruses composed of the "backbone" of the attenuated, temperature sensitive master strain (6 genes) and the HA and NA genes from, e.g., the pathogenic wildtype strain

15 A/Hong Kong/1035/98 wt.

Table 20: Ts and ca phenotype of B/Vienna/1/99

Virus	PFU/ml on Vero cells at	PFU/ml on MDCK cells at	
		25°C	33°C
B/Vienna/1/99 wt	< 300	4×10^6	4×10^5
B/Vienna/1/99 ca (BV22)	1×10^6	2.4×10^6	< 20

Table 21: Genetic stability of the ts phenotype of B/Vienna/1/99 ca

Virus	PFU/ml on MDCK cells	
	at	33°C
B/Vienna/1/99 wt	4×10^6	4×10^5
B/Vienna/1/99 ca (BV22)	2.4×10^6	< 20
B/Vienna/1/99 ca (BV22) after 5 passages at 33°C	8×10^5	< 20

The strain BV22 was passaged five times at high MOI on Vero cells. Then the ts-phenotype was controlled again. The strain remained temperature sensitive as can be seen in Table 21.

5

Table 22: Virulence of B/Vienna/1/99 ca and wt in mouse lungs

Virus	organ	PFU/ml* at day post infection		
		2	3	4
B/Vienna/1/99 ca (BV22)	lung	< 20	< 20	< 20
	nose	1×10^2	1×10^2	20
B/Vienna/1/99 wt	lung	8×10^4	7×10^3	4.4×10^3
	nose	3.8×10^4	3.4×10^4	1.4×10^4

* 9 OF1 mice per strain were immunized intranasally under ether narcosis with 10^5 PFU. At the indicated days post infection 3 mice per group were sacrificed. Lungs and nasal turbinates were homogenized for a 10% (w/v)

10 suspension in PBS def. A plaque assay of the suspensions was performed.

The data show that moderate reproduction of the ca master strain candidate BV22 was possible in the nasal mucosa while the ts property of the virus prevented reproduction in the lungs.

15

Table 23: Ts and ca phenotype of the reassortant influenza B strain

Virus	PFU/ml on MDCK cells at	
	33°C	39°C
B/Vienna/1/99 wt	4×10^6	4×10^5
B/USSR/69 wt	1.6×10^6	4×10^4
B/Vienna/1/99 ca (BV22)	1.4×10^6	< 20
BV22 x B/USSR/69 (6/2)	8×10^6	< 20

A 6/2 reassortant strain containing HA and NA of the wild type influenza strain B/USSR/69 wt and the other 6 genome segments from B/Vienna/1/99 ca (BV22) was established. The origin of the hemagglutinin was tested by HI-assay, all other genome segments by RT-PCT and restriction analysis using 5 methods known in the art.

Table 24: Virulence of the reassortant influenza B strain in mouse lungs

Virus	organ	PFU/ml* at day post infection		
		2	3	4
B/Vienna/1/99 ca (BV22)	lung	< 20	< 20	< 20
	nose	< 20	1x10 ²	40
B/USSR/69 wt	lung	1.8x10 ⁵	4x10 ⁵	2.4x10 ⁴
	nose	1.6x10 ⁵	2x10 ⁵	1.6x10 ⁵
BV22 x B/USSR/69 wt (6/2)	lung	< 20	< 20	< 20
	nose	2.8x10 ³	2x10 ³	4x10 ²

* 9 OF1 mice per strain were immunized intranasally under ether narcosis with 10⁵ PFU. At the indicated days post infection 3 mice per group were

10 sacrificed. Lungs and nasal turbinates were homogenized for a 10% (w/v) suspension in PBS def. A plaque assay of the suspensions was performed.

Example 6: Clinical study

15 The following vaccines (in the form of nasal sprays) were produced according to the present invention (e.g. as described in Example 1) for intranasal delivery.

Composition per ml (after reconstitution of freeze-dried material):

(1) Placebo: 2x SF-medium, 40mM HEPES buffer, 8% lactalbumin enzymatic hydrolysate, 4% trehalose;

20 (2) Vero-Vac H1: A/Beijing/262/95 (H1N1)-like preparation comprising 4.3x10⁷ TCID₅₀ of 6/2 reassortant A/Singapore/1/57/ca with A/Hong Kong/1035/98; 2x culture supernatant, 40mM HEPES buffer, 8% lactalbumin enzymatic hydrolysate, 4% trehalose;

(3) Vero Vac H3: A/Sidney/5/97 (H3N2)-like preparation comprising 2.1x10⁷ TCID₅₀ of 6/2 reassortant A/Singapore/1/57/ca with A/SW/7729/98; 2x culture supernatant, 40mM HEPES buffer, 8% lactalbumin enzymatic hydrolysate, 4% trehalose;

(4) Russian trivalent vaccine (live influenza vaccine for adults):
A/17/Beijing/95/25 (H1N1) 1.1x10⁸ EID₅₀

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A/17/Sidney/97/76 (H3N2)	2.3x10 ⁷ EID ₅₀
B/60/Petersburg/95/20	1.1x10 ⁷ EID ₅₀
(5) Monovalent Vero vaccine BV22: B/Beijing/184/93 - like preparation comprising 2x10 ⁶ TCID ₅₀ of master strain candidate B/Vienna/1/99/ca	
5 (=BV22); 2x culture supernatant, 40mM HEPES buffer, 8% lactalbumin enzymatic hydrolysate, 4% trehalose;	

The vaccines were administrated to 13 volunteers per each vaccination group. 550 µl of reconstituted vaccine (or placebo, respectively) were given 10 intranasally to each patient on day 0 and for a second time on day 22 ± 1. The results are summarized in Table 25 below.

Safety results:

The total number of adverse events (AE) during five days after the first and 15 second vaccination was 14 including 9 mild and 4 moderate AE. Only one volunteer showed severe AE, comprising an increase in body temperature up to 38.8°C within 3 hours after the first vaccination without any local or systemic symptoms. During the next four hours his temperature became normal again. After the first vaccination 7 AE were observed. One of them was local and six 20 were systemic. After the second vaccination 2 local and 5 systemic AE were observed.

No significant difference in terms of safety was revealed between the groups of the study including the one with placebo. No serious AE related to the 25 vaccination were observed except for the one mentioned above. Two of the moderate AE occurred in the H3N2 group (temperature elevation up to 37.6° and acute pharyngitis on day 3 in one volunteer; nasal obstruction, discomfort in the throat on day 22-24 and temperature elevation up to 37.5°C in another volunteer), and one in the H1N1 group (pain in the throat, rhinitis from day 22-30 26, temperature elevation up to 37 - 37.8°C between days 22-24).

Table 25: Response of seronegative volunteers to Vero Vac vaccines and to a trivalent Russian cold-adapted egg derived vaccine

No	Vaccine for immunization	Virus dose, TCID ₅₀ /ml or EID ₅₀ /ml	No. of volunteers	% of volunteers with at least 4-fold increase of serum HAI antibody titre to antigens		
				H1N1	H3N2	B
1	Placebo		13		(8)	
2	Vero Vac H1 (H1N1)	4.3x10 ⁷	13	38		
3	Vero Vac H3 (H3N2)	2.1x10 ⁷	13		67	
4	Russian trivalent vaccine: A/17/Beijing/95/25 H1N1 A/17/Sidney/97/76 H3N2 B/60/Petersburg/95/20	1.1x10 ⁸ 2.3x10 ⁷ 1.1x10 ⁷	13	46	8	31
5	Vero vaccine BV22	2x10 ⁶	13			33

(8) patient developed spontaneous infection during course of study.

5 The results obtained from the clinical study thus confirm a very good safety of the vaccines produced according to the present invention and using the preferred influenza A and B master strain candidates of the present invention.

CLAIMS

We claim

1. A method for the manufacture of a whole-virus vaccine, preferably an attenuated live vaccine, comprising the steps of:
 - 5 a) infecting African Green Monkey Kidney (Vero) cells with a desired virus, wherein the Vero cells have been grown in and separated from a serum-free medium that is also free of non-serum proteins;
 - b) combining the infected cells with a suitable serum-free cell culture medium that is also free of non-serum proteins except for a protease and a
 - 10 nuclease; and
 - c) incubating the cells in the presence of said protease and said nuclease to allow for production of infectious virus and, simultaneously, for digestion of nucleic acid material released to the cell culture medium;
 - d) harvesting infectious virus by collecting virus-containing supernatant
 - 15 obtained from centrifugation of the cell culture; and
 - e) preparing a vaccine thereof comprising subjecting the virus-containing supernatant to at least one processing step selected from the group consisting of filtering, concentrating, freezing, freeze-drying, and stabilizing by addition of a stabilizing agent.
- 20 2. The method according to claim 1, which does not involve a step of protein separation or purification.
3. The method according to claim 1 or 2, which does not involve a step of chromatographic separation or purification, and preferably does not contain any purification step other than centrifugation and/or filtration.
4. The method according to any one of claims 1 to 3, which comprises at least one step of sterile filtration of the virus-containing supernatant.
- 30 5. The method according to any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the nuclease has DNase and/or RNase activity, and preferably is Benzonase.
6. The method according to any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the protease and the nuclease are added to the cell culture medium once prior to or at the beginning of incubation of the infected cells.

7. The method according to any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the protease comprises trypsin and/or trypsinogen of human recombinant or porcine origin which is present in the cell culture medium at an initial concentration of 0.5 - 10, preferably 2 - 5 µg per ml medium.

5

8. The method according to any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the cell culture medium comprises nuclease at an initial concentration of 2 to 30, preferably 5 to 15, U per ml of medium.

10 9. The method according to any one of claims 1 to 8, wherein the incubation in step (a) is carried out for 10 to 120 minutes, preferably for 30 to 60 minutes.

10. The method according to any one of claims 1 to 9, wherein the virus is selected from the group consisting of a wildtype virus, a primary isolate directly obtained from an infected individual, a recombinant virus, an attenuated virus, a Vero adapted virus, a cold-adapted virus, a temperature-sensitive virus, and a reassortant virus.

20 11. The method according to any one of claims 1 to 10, wherein the virus is an influenza A virus, preferably of subtype H3N2 or H1N1, or an influenza B virus.

12. The method according to any one of claims 1 to 11, wherein the virus 25 has an interferon inducing and/or interferon sensitive phenotype.

13. The method according to any one of claims 1 to 12, wherein the virus is an influenza virus selected from the group consisting of strains A/Sing/1/57ca, A/Sing/1/57ca/ΔNS 87, A/Sing/1/57ca/ΔNSPR8, 30 A/Sing/1/57ca/NS124PR8, B/Vienna/1/99ca, B/Vienna/99/ca37 and any attenuated variants and reassortants derived from any one of these strains.

14. A whole-virus vaccine, preferably an attenuated live vaccine, characterized in that in its ready-for-use form it comprises essentially 35 unmodified, optionally filtered and/or concentrated, virus-containing supernatant of a serum-free and protein-free Vero cell culture used for production of said virus.

15. The vaccine according to claim 14, characterized in that it selectively agglutinates human erythrocytes but not chicken erythrocytes.

16. The vaccine according to claim 14 or 15, characterized in that it contains 5 a suitable stabilizing agent.

17. The vaccine according to any one of claims 14 to 16, characterized in that it is in the form of a liquid, freezed or freeze-dried preparation, optionally suitable for intranasal delivery.

10

18. The vaccine according to any one of claims 14 to 17, characterized in that it is a live attenuated vaccine, preferably comprising whole influenza virus.

15

19. The vaccine according to any one of claims 14 to 18, characterized in that it comprises at least one influenza virus having a phenotype with one or more characteristics selected from the group consisting of cold adapted, temperature sensitive, interferon inducing, interferon sensitive.

20

20. The vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the influenza virus is selected from the group consisting of strains A/Sing/1/57ca, A/Sing/1/57ca/ΔNS 87, A/Sing/1/57ca/ΔNSPR8, A/Sing/1/57ca/NS124PR8, B/Vienna/1/99ca, and any attenuated variants and reassortants derived from any one of these strains.

25

21. The vaccine according to claim 14, obtainable by a method of manufacture as defined in any one of claims 1 to 13.

22. A whole-virus vaccine, preferably an attenuated live vaccine, comprising at least one influenza virus selected from the group consisting of strains 30 A/Sing/1/57ca, A/Sing/1/57ca/ΔNS 87, A/Sing/1/57ca/ΔNSPR8, A/Sing/1/57ca/NS124PR8, B/Vienna/1/99ca, and any attenuated variants and reassortants derived from any one of these strains.

23. The vaccine according to claim 21, characterized in that it selectively 35 agglutinates human erythrocytes but not chicken erythrocytes.

- 34 -

24. The vaccine according to claim 22 or 23, obtainable by a method of manufacture according to any one of claims 1 to 13.

25. Use of a vaccine defined in any one of claims 14 to 24 for prophylactic 5 or therapeutic administration against viral infection.

26. Use of at least one influenza virus selected from the group consisting of strains A/Sing/1/57ca, A/Sing/1/57ca/ΔNS 87, A/Sing/1/57ca/ΔNSPR8, A/Sing/1/57ca/NS124PR8, B/Vienna/1/99ca, and any attenuated variants and 10 reassortants derived from any one of these strains, for the manufacture of a vaccine, preferably for the manufacture of a live attenuated influenza vaccine.

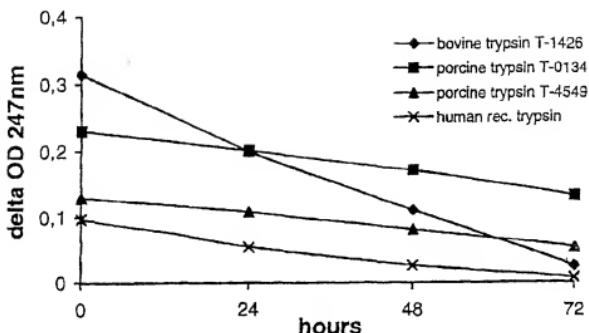


Fig. 1

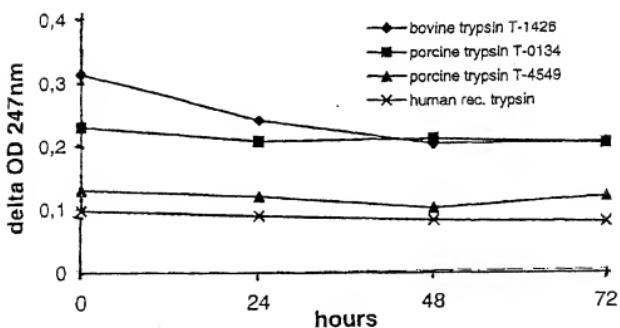


Fig. 2

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Katinger, Hermann
Katinger, Dietmar
Romanova, Julia
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Arg Glu Leu Val Arg Lys Thr Arg Phe Leu Pro Val Ala Gly Gly Thr			
210	215	220	
Ser Ser Val Tyr Ile Glu Val Leu His Leu Thr Gln Gly Thr Cys Trp			
225	230	235	240
Glu Gln Met Tyr Thr Pro Gly Gly Glu Val Arg Asn Asp Asp Val Asp			
245	250	255	
Gln Ser Leu Ile Ile Ala Ala Arg Asn Ile Val Arg Arg Ala Ala Val			
260	265	270	
Ser Ala Asp Pro Leu Ala Ser Leu Leu Glu Met Cys His Ser Thr Gln			
275	280	285	
Ile Gly Gly Thr Arg Met Val Asp Ile Leu Arg Gln Asn Pro Thr Glu			
290	295	300	
Glu Gln Ala Val Asp Ile Cys Lys Ala Ala Met Gly Leu Arg Ile Ser			
305	310	315	320
Ser Ser Phe Ser Phe Gly Gly Phe Thr Phe Lys Arg Thr Ser Gly Ser			
325	330	335	
Ser Val Lys Ile Glu Glu Val Leu Thr Gly Asn Leu Gln Thr Leu			
340	345	350	
Lys Ile Arg Val His Glu Gly Tyr Glu Glu Phe Thr Met Val Gly Lys			
355	360	365	

Arg Ala Thr Ala Ile Leu Arg Lys Ala Thr Arg Arg Leu Ile Gln Leu		
370	375	380
Ile Val Ser Gly Arg Asp Glu Gln Ser Ile Ala Glu Ala Ile Ile Val		
385	390	395
400		
Ala Met Val Phe Ser Gln Glu Asp Cys Met Ile Lys Ala Val Arg Gly		
405	410	415
Asp Leu Asn Phe Val Asn Arg Ala Asn Gln Arg Leu Asn Pro Met His		
420	425	430
Gln Leu Leu Arg His Phe Gln Lys Asp Ala Lys Val Leu Phe Gln Asn		
435	440	445
Trp Gly Ile Glu His Ile Asp Asn Val Met Gly Met Ile Gly Val Leu		
450	455	460
Pro Asp Met Thr Pro Ser Thr Glu Met Ser Met Arg Gly Val Arg Val		
465	470	475
480		
Ser Lys Met Gly Val Asp Glu Tyr Ser Ser Ala Glu Arg Val Val Val		
485	490	495
Ser Ile Asp Arg Phe Leu Arg Val Arg Asp Gln Arg Gly Asn Val Leu		
500	505	510
Leu Ser Pro Glu Glu Val Ser Glu Thr Gln Gly Thr Glu Lys Leu Thr		
515	520	525
Ile Thr Tyr Ser Ser Ser Met Met Trp Glu Ile Asn Gly Pro Glu Ser		
530	535	540
Val Leu Val Asn Thr Tyr Gln Trp Ile Ile Arg Asn Trp Glu Thr Val		
545	550	555
560		
Lys Ile Gln Trp Ser Gln Asn Pro Thr Met Leu Tyr Asn Lys Met Glu		
565	570	575
Phe Glu Pro Phe Gln Ser Leu Val Pro Lys Ala Ile Arg Gly Gln Tyr		
580	585	590
Ser Gly Phe Val Arg Thr Leu Phe Gln Gln Met Arg Asp Val Leu Gly		
595	600	605
Thr Phe Asp Thr Thr Gln Ile Ile Lys Leu Leu Pro Phe Ala Ala Ala		
610	615	620

Pro Pro Lys Gln Ser Arg Met Gln Phe Ser Ser Leu Thr Val Asn Val
 625 630 635 640

Arg Gly Ser Gly Met Arg Ile Leu Val Arg Gly Asn Ser Pro Val Phe
 645 650 655

Asn Tyr Asn Lys Thr Thr Lys Arg Leu Thr Ile Leu Gly Lys Asp Ala
 660 665 670

Gly Thr Leu Thr Glu Asp Pro Asp Glu Gly Thr Ser Gly Val Glu Ser
 675 680 685

Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Phe Leu Ile Leu Gly Lys Glu Asp Arg Arg Tyr
 690 695 700

Gly Pro Ala Leu Ser Ile Asn Glu Leu Ser Asn Leu Ala Lys Gly Glu
 705 710 715 720

Lys Ala Asn Val Leu Ile Gly Gln Gly Asp Val Val Leu Val Met Lys
 725 730 735

Arg Lys Arg Asp Ser Ser Ile Leu Thr Asp Ser Gln Thr Ala Thr Lys
 740 745 750

Arg Ile Arg Met Ala Ile Asn Xaa Cys Xaa Ile Val Xaa Lys Arg Pro
 755 760 765

Cys Phe Tyr
 770

<210> 10
 <211> 757
 <212> PRT
 <213> Influenza virus A/Singapore/1/57/ca

<400> 10
 Met Asp Val Asn Pro Thr Leu Leu Phe Leu Lys Val Pro Ala Gln Asn
 1 5 10 15

Ala Ile Ser Thr Thr Phe Pro Tyr Thr Gly Asp Pro Pro Tyr Ser His
 20 25 30

Gly Thr Gly Thr Gly Tyr Thr Met Asp Thr Val Asn Arg Thr His Gln
 35 40 45

Tyr Ser Glu Lys Gly Lys Trp Thr Thr Asn Thr Glu Thr Gly Ala Pro
 50 55 60

Met Ile Thr Tyr Ile Thr Arg Asn Gln Pro Glu Trp Phe Arg Asn Val		
325	330	335
Leu Ser Ile Ala Pro Ile Met Phe Ser Asn Lys Met Ala Arg Leu Gly		
340	345	350
Lys Gly Tyr Met Phe Glu Ser Lys Ser Met Lys Leu Arg Thr Gln Ile		
355	360	365
Pro Ala Glu Met Leu Ala Ser Ile Asp Leu Lys Tyr Phe Asn Glu Ser		
370	375	380
Thr Arg Lys Lys Ile Glu Lys Ile Arg Pro Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Thr		
385	390	395
Val Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Met Met Gly Met Phe Asn Met Leu Ser		
405	410	415
Thr Val Ile Gly Val Ser Ile Leu Asn Leu Gly Gln Lys Lys Tyr Thr		
420	425	430
Lys Thr Thr Tyr Trp Trp Asp Gly Leu Gln Ser Ser Asp Asp Phe Ala		
435	440	445
Leu Ile Val Asn Ala Pro Asn His Glu Gly Ile Gln Ala Gly Val Asp		
450	455	460
Arg Phe Tyr Arg Thr Cys Lys Leu Val Gly Ile Asn Met Ser Lys Lys		
465	470	475
Lys Ser Tyr Ile Asn Arg Thr Gly Thr Phe Glu Phe Thr Ser Phe Phe		
485	490	495
Tyr Arg Tyr Gly Phe Val Ala Asn Phe Ser Met Glu Leu Pro Ser Phe		
500	505	510
Gly Val Ser Gly Ile Asn Glu Ser Ala Asp Met Ser Ile Gly Val Thr		
515	520	525
Val Ile Lys Asn Asn Met Ile Asn Asn Asp Leu Gly Pro Ala Thr Ala		
530	535	540
Gln Met Ala Leu Gln Leu Phe Ile Lys Asp Tyr Arg Tyr Thr Tyr Arg		
545	550	555
Cys His Arg Gly Asp Thr Gln Ile Gln Thr Arg Arg Ser Phe Glu Leu		
565	570	575

Lys Lys Leu Trp Glu Gln Thr Arg Ser Lys Ala Gly Leu Leu Val Ser
 580 585 590

Asp Gly Gly Pro Asn Leu Tyr Asn Ile Arg Asn Leu His Ile Pro Glu
 595 600 605

Val Cys Leu Lys Trp Glu Leu Met Asp Glu Asp Tyr Gln Gly Arg Leu
 610 615 620

Cys Asn Pro Leu Asn Pro Phe Val Ser His Lys Glu Ile Glu Ser Val
 625 630 635 640

Asn Asn Ala Val Val Met Pro Ala His Gly Pro Ala Lys Ser Met Glu
 645 650 655

Tyr Asp Ala Val Ala Thr Thr His Ser Trp Ile Pro Lys Arg Asn Arg
 660 665 670

Ser Ile Leu Asn Thr Ser Gln Arg Gly Ile Leu Glu Asp Glu Gln Met
 675 680 685

Tyr Gln Lys Cys Cys Asn Leu Phe Glu Lys Phe Pro Ser Ser Ser
 690 695 700

Tyr Arg Arg Pro Val Gly Ile Ser Ser Met Val Glu Ala Met Val Ser
 705 710 715 720

Arg Ala Arg Ile Asp Ala Arg Ile Asp Phe Glu Ser Gly Arg Ile Lys
 725 730 735

Lys Glu Glu Phe Ala Glu Ile Met Lys Ile Cys Ser Thr Ile Glu Glu
 740 745 750

Leu Arg Arg Gln Lys
 755

<210> 11
 <211> 716
 <212> PRT
 <213> Influenza virus A/Singapore/1/57/ca

<400> 11
 Met Glu Asp Phe Val Arg Gln Cys Phe Asn Pro Met Ile Val Glu Leu
 1 5 10 15

Ala Glu Arg Ala Met Lys Glu Tyr Gly Glu Asp Leu Lys Ile Glu Thr

20

25

30

Asn	Lys	Phe	Ala	Ala	Ile	Cys	Thr	His	Leu	Glu	Val	Cys	Phe	Met	Tyr
35															
Ser	Asp	Phe	His	Phe	Ile	Asn	Glu	Gln	Gly	Glu	Ser	Ile	Ile	Val	Glu
50															
Leu	Asp	Asp	Pro	Asn	Ala	Leu	Leu	Lys	His	Arg	Phe	Glu	Ile	Ile	Glu
65															
Gly	Arg	Asp	Arg	Thr	Met	Ala	Trp	Thr	Val	Val	Asn	Ser	Ile	Cys	Asn
85															
Thr	Thr	Gly	Ala	Glu	Lys	Pro	Lys	Phe	Leu	Pro	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Tyr
100															
Lys	Glu	Asn	Arg	Phe	Ile	Glu	Ile	Gly	Val	Thr	Arg	Arg	Glu	Val	His
115															
Ile	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Lys	Ala	Asn	Lys	Ile	Lys	Ser	Glu	Lys	Thr	His
130															
Ile	His	Ile	Phe	Ser	Phe	Thr	Gly	Glu	Glu	Met	Ala	Thr	Lys	Ala	Asp
145															
Tyr	Thr	Leu	Asp	Glu	Glu	Ser	Arg	Ala	Arg	Ile	Lys	Thr	Arg	Leu	Phe
165															
Thr	Ile	Arg	Gln	Glu	Met	Ala	Ser	Arg	Gly	Leu	Trp	Asp	Ser	Phe	Arg
180															
Gln	Ser	Glu	Arg	Gly	Glu	Glu	Thr	Ile	Glu	Glu	Arg	Phe	Glu	Ile	Thr
195															
Gly	Thr	Met	Arg	Arg	Leu	Ala	Asp	Gln	Ser	Leu	Pro	Pro	Asn	Phe	Ser
210															
Cys	Leu	Glu	Ile	Phe	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Phe	Glu	Pro	Asn	Gly
225															
Tyr	Ile	Glu	Gly	Lys	Leu	Ser	Gln	Met	Ser	Lys	Glu	Val	Asn	Ala	Lys
245															
Ile	Glu	Pro	Phe	Leu	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Arg	Pro	Ile	Arg	Leu	Pro	Asp
260															
Gly	Pro	Pro	Cys	Ser	Gln	Arg	Ser	Lys	Phe	Leu	Leu	Met	Asp	Ala	Leu

275	280	285
Lys Leu Ser Ile Glu Asp Pro Ser His Glu Gly Glu Gly Ile Pro Leu		
290	295	300
Tyr Asp Ala Ile Lys Cys Met Arg Thr Phe Phe Gly Trp Lys Glu Pro		
305	310	315
Tyr Val Val Lys Pro His Glu Lys Gly Ile Asn Pro Asn Tyr Leu Leu		
325	330	335
Ser Trp Lys Gln Val Leu Ala Glu Leu Gln Asp Ile Glu Asn Glu Glu		
340	345	350
Lys Ile Pro Arg Thr Lys Asn Met Lys Lys Thr Ser Gln Leu Lys Trp		
355	360	365
Ala Leu Gly Glu Asn Met Ala Pro Glu Lys Val Asp Phe Asp Asp Cys		
370	375	380
Arg Asp Ile Ser Asp Leu Lys Gln Tyr Asp Ser Asp Glu Pro Glu Leu		
385	390	395
Arg Ser Leu Ser Ser Trp Ile Gln Asn Glu Phe Asn Lys Ala Cys Glu		
405	410	415
Leu Thr Asn Ser Ile Trp Ile Glu Leu Asp Glu Ile Gly Glu Asp Val		
420	425	430
Ala Pro Ile Glu His Ile Ala Ser Met Arg Arg Asn Tyr Phe Thr Ala		
435	440	445
Glu Val Ser His Cys Arg Ala Thr Glu Tyr Ile Met Lys Gly Val Tyr		
450	455	460
Ile Asn Thr Ala Leu Leu Asn Ala Ser Cys Ala Ala Met Asp Asp Phe		
465	470	475
Gln Leu Ile Pro Met Ile Ser Lys Cys Arg Thr Lys Glu Gly Arg Arg		
485	490	495
Lys Thr Asn Leu Tyr Gly Phe Ile Val Lys Gly Arg Ser His Leu Arg		
500	505	510
Asn Asp Thr Asp Val Val Asn Phe Val Ser Met Glu Phe Ser Leu Thr		
515	520	525
Asp Pro Arg Leu Glu Pro His Lys Trp Glu Lys Tyr Cys Val Leu Glu		

530	535	540
Ille Gly Asp Met Leu Leu Arg Ser Ala Ile Gly Gln Val Ser Arg Pro		
545	550	555
Met Phe Leu Tyr Val Arg Thr Asn Gly Thr Ser Lys Ile Lys Met Lys		
565	570	575
Trp Gly Met Glu Met Arg Arg Cys Leu Leu Gln Ser Leu Gln Gln Ile		
580	585	590
Glu Ser Met Ile Glu Ala Gln Ser Ser Val Lys Glu Lys Asp Met Thr		
595	600	605
Lys Glu Phe Phe Glu Asn Lys Ser Glu Thr Trp Pro Ile Gly Glu Ser		
610	615	620
Pro Lys Gly Val Glu Glu Gly Ser Ile Gly Lys Val Cys Arg Thr Leu		
625	630	635
Leu Ala Lys Ser Val Phe Asn Ser Leu Tyr Ala Ser Pro Gln Leu Glu		
645	650	655
Gly Phe Ser Ala Glu Ser Arg Lys Leu Leu Leu Val Val Gln Ala Leu		
660	665	670
Arg Asp Asn Leu Glu Pro Gly Thr Phe Asp Leu Gly Gly Leu Tyr Glu		
675	680	685
Ala Ile Glu Glu Cys Leu Ile Asn Asp Pro Trp Val Leu Leu Asn Ala		
690	695	700
Ser Trp Phe Asn Ser Phe Leu Thr His Ala Leu Arg		
705	710	715
<210> 12		
<211> 562		
<212> PRT		
<213> Influenza virus A/Singapore/1/57/ca		
<400> 12		
Met Ala Ile Ile Tyr Leu Ile Leu Phe Thr Ala Val Arg Gly Asp		
1	5	10
Gln Ile Cys Ile Gly Tyr His Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Glu Lys Val Asp		
20	25	30

Thr Ile Leu Glu Gln Asn Val Thr Val Thr His Ala Lys Asp Ile Leu			
35	40	45	
Glu Lys Thr His Asn Gly Lys Leu Cys Lys Leu Asn Gly Ile Pro Pro			
50	55	60	
Leu Glu Leu Gly Asp Cys Ser Ile Ala Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Asn Pro			
65	70	75	80
Glu Cys Asp Arg Leu Leu Ser Val Pro Glu Trp Ser Tyr Ile Met Glu			
85	90	95	
Lys Glu Asn Pro Arg Asp Gly Leu Cys Tyr Pro Gly Ser Phe Asn Asp			
100	105	110	
Tyr Glu Glu Leu Lys His Leu Leu Ser Ser Val Lys His Phe Glu Lys			
115	120	125	
Val Lys Ile Leu Pro Lys Asp Arg Trp Thr Gln His Thr Thr Thr Gly			
130	135	140	
Gly Ser Arg Ala Cys Ala Val Ser Gly Asn Pro Ser Phe Phe Arg Asn			
145	150	155	160
Met Val Trp Leu Thr Lys Lys Glu Ser Asn Tyr Pro Val Ala Lys Gly			
165	170	175	
Ser Tyr Asn Asn Thr Ser Gly Glu Gln Met Leu Ile Ile Trp Gly Val			
180	185	190	
His His Pro Asn Asp Glu Thr Glu Gln Arg Thr Leu Tyr Gln Asn Val			
195	200	205	
Gly Thr Tyr Val Ser Val Gly Thr Ser Thr Leu Asn Lys Arg Ser Thr			
210	215	220	
Pro Asp Ile Ala Thr Arg Pro Lys Val Asn Gly Leu Gly Ser Arg Met			
225	230	235	240
Glu Phe Ser Trp Thr Leu Leu Asp Met Trp Asp Thr Ile Asn Phe Glu			
245	250	255	
Ser Thr Gly Asn Leu Ile Ala Pro Glu Tyr Gly Phe Lys Ile Ser Lys			
260	265	270	
Arg Gly Asn Ser Gly Ile Met Lys Thr Glu Gly Thr Leu Glu Asn Cys			
275	280	285	

Glu	Thr	Lys	Cys	Gln	Thr	Pro	Leu	Gly	Ala	Ile	Asn	Thr	Thr	Leu	Pro
290															
							295							300	
Phe	His	Asn	Val	His	Pro	Leu	Thr	Ile	Gly	Glu	Cys	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Val
305															
							310							315	
Lys	Ser	Glu	Lys	Leu	Val	Leu	Ala	Thr	Gly	Pro	Arg	Asn	Val	Pro	Gln
							325							330	
Ile	Glu	Ser	Arg	Gly	Leu	Phe	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ala	Gly	Phe	Ile	Glu	Gly
							340							345	
Gly	Trp	Gln	Gly	Met	Val	Asp	Gly	Trp	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	His	His	Ser	Asn
							355							360	
Asp	Gln	Gly	Ser	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Ala	Asp	Lys	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ala
							370							375	
Phe	Asp	Gly	Ile	Thr	Asn	Lys	Val	Asn	Ser	Val	Ile	Glu	Lys	Met	Asn
							385							390	
Thr	Gln	Phe	Glu	Ala	Val	Gly	Lys	Glu	Phe	Ser	Asn	Leu	Glu	Arg	Arg
							405							410	
Leu	Glu	Asn	Leu	Asn	Lys	Lys	Met	Glu	Asp	Gly	Phe	Leu	Asp	Val	Trp
							420							425	
Thr	Tyr	Asn	Ala	Glu	Leu	Leu	Val	Leu	Met	Glu	Asn	Glu	Arg	Thr	Leu
							435							440	
Asp	Phe	His	Asp	Ser	Asn	Val	Lys	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Val	Arg	Met
							450							455	
Gln	Leu	Arg	Asp	Asn	Val	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gly	Asn	Gly	Cys	Phe	Glu	Phe
							465							470	
Tyr	His	Lys	Cys	Asp	Asp	Glu	Cys	Met	Asn	Ser	Val	Lys	Asn	Gly	Thr
							485							490	
Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Glu	Glu	Ser	Lys	Leu	Asn	Arg	Asn	Glu	
							500							505	
Ile	Lys	Gly	Val	Lys	Leu	Ser	Ser	Met	Gly	Val	Tyr	Gln	Ile	Leu	Ala
							515							520	
Ile	Tyr	Ala	Thr	Val	Ala	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ala	Ile	Met	Met	Ala
							530							535	
															540

Gly Ile Ser Phe Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile
 545 550 555 560

Cys Ile

<210> 13
 <211> 506
 <212> PRT
 <213> Influenza virus A/Singapore/1/57/ca

<400> 13
 Met Ala Ser Gln Gly Thr Lys Arg Ser Tyr Glu Gln Met Glu Thr Asp
 1 5 10 15

Gly Glu Arg Gln Asn Ala Thr Glu Ile Arg Ala Ser Val Gly Lys Met
 20 25 30

Ile Asp Gly Ile Gly Arg Phe Tyr Ile Gln Met Cys Thr Glu Leu Lys
 35 40 45

Leu Ser Asp Tyr Glu Gly Arg Leu Ile Gln Asn Ser Leu Thr Ile Glu
 50 55 60

Arg Met Val Leu Ser Ala Phe Asp Glu Arg Arg Asn Lys Tyr Leu Glu
 65 70 75 80

Glu His Pro Ser Ala Gly Lys Asp Pro Lys Lys Thr Gly Gly Pro Ile
 85 90 95

Tyr Lys Arg Val Asn Gly Lys Trp Met Arg Glu Leu Val Tyr Asp
 100 105 110

Lys Glu Glu Ile Arg Arg Ile Trp Arg Gln Ala Asn Asn Gly Asp Asp
 115 120 125

Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Thr His Met Met Ile Trp His Ser Asn Leu Asn
 130 135 140

Asp Thr Thr Tyr Gln Arg Thr Arg Ala Leu Val Arg Thr Gly Met Asp
 145 150 155 160

Pro Arg Met Cys Ser Leu Met Gln Gly Ser Thr Leu Pro Arg Arg Ser
 165 170 175

Gly Ala Ala Gly Ala Ala Val Lys Gly Val Gly Thr Met Val Met Glu
 180 185 190

Leu Ile Arg Met Ile Lys Arg Gly Ile Asn Asp Arg Asn Phe Trp Arg
 195 200 205
 Gly Glu Asn Gly Arg Lys Thr Arg Ile Ala Tyr Glu Arg Met Cys Asn
 210 215 220
 Ile Leu Lys Gly Lys Phe Gln Thr Ala Ala Gln Arg Ala Met Met Asp
 225 230 235 240
 Gin Val Arg Glu Ser Arg Asn Pro Gly Asn Ala Glu Ile Glu Asp Leu
 245 250 255
 Ile Phe Leu Ala Arg Ser Ala Leu Ile Leu Arg Gly Ser Val Ala His
 260 265 270
 Lys Ser Cys Leu Pro Ala Cys Val Tyr Gly Thr Ala Val Ala Ser Gly
 275 280 285
 Tyr Asp Phe Glu Lys Glu Gly Tyr Ser Leu Val Gly Ile Asp Pro Phe
 290 295 300
 Lys Leu Leu Gln Asn Ser Gln Val Tyr Ser Leu Ile Arg Pro Asn Glu
 305 310 315 320
 Asn Pro Ala His Lys Ser Gln Leu Val Trp Met Ala Cys Asn Ser Ala
 325 330 335
 Ala Phe Glu Asp Leu Arg Val Ser Ser Phe Ile Arg Gly Thr Lys Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Pro Arg Gly Lys Leu Ser Thr Arg Gly Val Gln Ile Ala Ser Asn
 355 360 365
 Glu Asn Met Asp Thr Met Glu Ser Ser Thr Leu Glu Leu Arg Ser Arg
 370 375 380
 Tyr Trp Ala Ile Arg Thr Arg Ser Gly Asn Thr Asn Gln Gln Arg
 385 390 395 400
 Ala Ser Ala Gly Gln Ile Ser Val Gln Pro Thr Phe Ser Val Gln Arg
 405 410 415
 Asn Leu Pro Phe Asp Lys Thr Thr Ile Met Ala Ala Phe Thr Gly Asn
 420 425 430
 Ala Glu Gly Arg Thr Ser Asp Met Arg Ala Glu Ile Ile Arg Met Met
 435 440 445

Glu Gly Ala Lys Pro Glu Glu Val Ser Phe Gln Gly Arg Gly Val Phe
 450 455 460

Glu Leu Ser Asp Glu Lys Ala Thr Asn Pro Ile Val Pro Ser Phe Asp
 465 470 475 480

Met Ser Asn Glu Gly Ser Tyr Phe Phe Gly Asp Asn Ala Glu Glu Tyr
 485 490 495

Asp Asn Xaa Gly Lys Ile Pro Leu Phe Leu
 500 505

<210> 14

<211> 469

<212> PRT

<213> Influenza virus A/Singapore/1/57/ca

<400> 14

Met Asn Pro Asn Gln Lys Ile Ile Thr Ile Gly Ser Val Ser Leu Thr
 1 5 10 15

Ile Ala Thr Val Cys Phe Leu Met Gln Ile Ala Ile Leu Ala Thr Thr
 20 25 30

Val Thr Leu His Phe Lys Gln His Glu Cys Asp Ser Pro Ala Ser Asn
 35 40 45

Gln Val Met Pro Cys Glu Pro Ile Ile Ile Glu Arg Asn Ile Thr Glu
 50 55 60

Ile Val Tyr Leu Asn Asn Thr Thr Ile Glu Lys Glu Ile Cys Pro Glu
 65 70 75 80

Val Val Glu Tyr Arg Asn Trp Ser Lys Pro Gln Cys Gln Ile Thr Gly
 85 90 95

Phe Ala Pro Phe Ser Lys Asp Asn Ser Ile Arg Leu Ser Ala Gly Gly
 100 105 110

Asp Ile Trp Val Thr Arg Glu Pro Tyr Val Ser Cys Asp Pro Gly Lys
 115 120 125

Cys Tyr Gln Phe Ala Leu Gly Gln Gly Thr Thr Leu Tyr Asn Lys His
 130 135 140

Ser Asn Gly Thr Ile His Asp Arg Ile Pro His Arg Thr Leu Leu Met

145	150	155	160
Asn Glu Leu Gly Val Pro Phe His Leu Gly Thr Lys Gln Val Cys Val			
165	170	175	
Ala Trp Ser Ser Ser Ser Cys His Asp Gly Lys Ala Trp Leu His Val			
180	185	190	
Cys Val Thr Gly Asp Asp Arg Asn Ala Thr Ala Ser Phe Ile Tyr Asp			
195	200	205	
Gly Arg Leu Val Asp Ser Ile Gly Ser Trp Ser Gln Asn Ile Leu Arg			
210	215	220	
Thr Gln Glu Ser Glu Cys Val Cys Ile Asn Gly Thr Cys Thr Val Val			
225	230	235	240
Met Thr Asp Gly Ser Ala Ser Gly Arg Ala Asp Thr Arg Ile Leu Phe			
245	250	255	
Ile Lys Glu Gly Lys Ile Val Arg Ile Ser Pro Leu Ser Gly Ser Ala			
260	265	270	
Gln His Ile Glu Glu Cys Ser Cys Tyr Pro Arg Tyr Pro Asp Val Arg			
275	280	285	
Cys Ile Cys Arg Asp Asn Trp Lys Gly Ser Asn Arg Pro Val Ile Asp			
290	295	300	
Ile Asn Met Glu Asp Tyr Ser Ile Asp Ser Ser Tyr Val Cys Ser Gly			
305	310	315	320
Leu Val Gly Asp Thr Pro Arg Asn Asp Asp Ser Ser Ser Asn Ser Asn			
325	330	335	
Cys Arg Asp Pro Asn Asn Glu Arg Gly Asn Pro Gly Val Lys Gly Trp			
340	345	350	
Ala Phe Asp Asn Gly Asp Asp Val Trp Met Gly Arg Thr Ile Asn Lys			
355	360	365	
Asp Ser Arg Ser Gly Tyr Glu Thr Phe Lys Val Ile Gly Gly Trp Ser			
370	375	380	
Thr Pro Asn Ser Lys Ser Gln Val Asn Arg Gln Val Ile Val Asp Asn			
385	390	395	400
Asn Asn Trp Ser Gly Tyr Ser Gly Ile Phe Ser Val Glu Gly Lys Ser			

405	410	415
Cys Ile Asn Arg Cys Phe Tyr Val Glu Leu Ile Arg Gly Arg Pro Gln		
420	425	430
Glu Thr Arg Val Trp Trp Thr Ser Asn Ser Ile Val Val Phe Cys Gly		
435	440	445
Thr Ser Gly Thr Tyr Gly Thr Gly Ser Trp Pro Asp Gly Ala Asn Ile		
450	455	460
Asn Phe Met Pro Ile		
465		
<210> 15		
<211> 252		
<212> PRT		
<213> Influenza virus A/Singapore/1/57/ca		
<400> 15		
Met Ser Leu Leu Thr Glu Val Glu Thr Tyr Val Leu Ser Ile Val Pro		
1	5	10
		15
Ser Gly Pro Leu Lys Ala Glu Ile Ala Gln Arg Leu Glu Asp Val Phe		
20	25	30
Ala Gly Lys Asn Thr Asp Leu Glu Ala Leu Met Glu Trp Leu Lys Thr		
35	40	45
Arg Pro Ile Leu Ser Pro Leu Thr Lys Gly Ile Leu Gly Phe Val Phe		
50	55	60
Thr Leu Thr Val Pro Ser Glu Arg Gly Leu Gln Arg Arg Arg Phe Val		
65	70	75
		80
Gln Asn Ala Leu Asn Gly Asn Gly Asp Pro Asn Asn Met Asp Arg Ala		
85	90	95
Val Lys Leu Tyr Lys Lys Leu Lys Arg Glu Ile Thr Phe His Gly Ala		
100	105	110
Lys Glu Ile Ala Leu Ser Tyr Ser Ala Gly Ala Leu Ala Ser Cys Met		
115	120	125
Gly Leu Ile Tyr Asn Arg Met Gly Ala Val Thr Thr Glu Val Ala Phe		
130	135	140

Gly Leu Val Cys Ala Thr Cys Glu Gln Ile Ala Asp Ser His His Arg
 145 150 155 160

Ser His Arg Gln Met Val Thr Thr Thr Asn Pro Leu Ile Arg His Glu
 165 170 175

Asn Arg Met Val Leu Ala Ser Thr Thr Ala Lys Ala Met Glu Gln Met
 180 185 190

Ala Gly Ser Ser Glu Gln Ala Ala Glu Ala Met Glu Val Ala Ser Gln
 195 200 205

Ala Arg Gln Met Val Gln Ala Met Arg Ala Ile Gly Thr His Pro Ser
 210 215 220

Ser Ser Ala Gly Leu Lys Asp Asp Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Gln Ala Tyr
 225 230 235 240

Gln Lys Arg Met Gly Val Gln Met Gln Arg Phe Lys
 245 250

<210> 16

<211> 97

<212> PRT

<213> Influenza virus A/Singapore/1/57/ca

<400> 16

Met Ser Leu Leu Thr Glu Val Glu Thr Pro Ile Arg Asn Glu Trp Gly
 1 5 10 15

Cys Arg Cys Asn Asp Ser Ser Asp Pro Leu Val Val Ala Ala Ser Ile
 20 25 30

Ile Gly Ile Leu His Leu Ile Leu Trp Ile Leu Asp Arg Leu Phe Phe
 35 40 45

Lys Cys Ile Tyr Arg Phe Phe Lys His Gly Leu Lys Arg Gly Pro Ser
 50 55 60

Thr Glu Gly Val Pro Glu Ser Met Arg Glu Glu Tyr Arg Lys Glu Gln
 65 70 75 80

Gln Ser Ala Val Asp Ala Asp Asp Ser His Phe Val Ser Ile Glu Leu
 85 90 95

Glu

<210> 17
 <211> 237
 <212> PRT
 <213> Influenza virus A/Singapore/1/57/ca

<400> 17
 Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gin Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp
 1 5 10 15

His Val Arg Lys Gin Val Ala Asp Gin Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe
 20 25 30

Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gin Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser
 35 40 45

Thr Leu Gly Leu Asn Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Val Gly Lys Gln Ile
 50 55 60

Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr
 65 70 75 80

Met Ala Ser Ala Pro Ala Ser Arg Tyr Leu Thr Asp Met Thr Ile Glu
 85 90 95

Glu Met Ser Arg Asp Trp Phe Met Leu Met Pro Lys Gln Lys Val Ser
 100 105 110

Gly Pro Leu Cys Ile Arg Met Asp Gln Ala Ile Met Asp Lys Asn Ile
 115 120 125

Ile Leu Lys Ala Asn Phe Ser Val Ile Phe Asp Arg Leu Glu Thr Leu
 130 135 140

Ile Leu Leu Arg Ala Phe Thr Glu Glu Gly Ala Ile Val Gly Glu Ile
 145 150 155 160

Ser Pro Leu Pro Ser Leu Pro Gly His Thr Asn Glu Asp Val Lys Asn
 165 170 175

Ala Ile Gly Val Leu Ile Gly Leu Glu Trp Asn Asp Asn Thr Val
 180 185 190

Arg Val Ser Lys Thr Leu Gln Arg Phe Ala Trp Arg Asn Ser Asn Glu
 195 200 205

Asn Gly Arg Pro Pro Leu Thr Pro Lys Gln Lys Arg Lys Met Ala Arg

210

215

220

Thr Ile Arg Ser Lys Val Arg Arg Asn Lys Met Ala Asp
 225 230 235

<210> 18
 <211> 121
 <212> PRT
 <213> Influenza virus A/Singapore/1/57/ca

<400> 18
 Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Asp Ile Leu Met Arg Met
 1 5 10 15

Ser Lys Met Gln Leu Gly Ser Ser Ser Glu Asp Leu Asn Gly Met Ile
 20 25 30

Thr Gln Phe Glu Ser Leu Lys Leu Tyr Arg Asp Ser Leu Gly Glu Thr
 35 40 45

Val Met Arg Met Gly Asp Leu His Ser Leu Gln Asn Arg Asn Gly Lys
 50 55 60

Trp Arg Glu Gln Leu Gly Gln Lys Phe Glu Glu Ile Arg Trp Leu Ile
 65 70 75 80

Glu Glu Val Arg His Lys Leu Lys Ile Thr Glu Asn Ser Phe Glu Gln
 85 90 95

Ile Thr Phe Met Gln Ala Leu Gln Leu Leu Phe Glu Val Glu Gln Glu
 100 105 110

Ile Arg Thr Phe Ser Phe Gln Leu Ile
 115 120

<210> 19
 <211> 2396
 <212> DNA
 <213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<400> 19
 agcagaagcg gagcgtttc agatgacat tggctaaaat tgaattgtta aaacaactgt 60
 taaggccaa tgaagccaa acagtattga aacaaacaac agtagatcaa tataacataa 120
 taagaaaaatt caatacatca agaattgaaa agaaccccttc attaaggatg aagtggccaa 180
 tggttctaa tttcccttg gctttgacca agggtgacat ggcaaagaca atccccttg 240
 aataacaagg aataacaactt aaaacaatgt ctgaagacat aggaacccaa ggccaaatgt 300

<210> 20

<211> 2369

<212> DNA

<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<400> 20

agcagaagcg gacgccttaa gatgtatata aatccttatt ttcttccat agatgtaccc 60
atacaggcag caatttcaac aacattccca tacacccgtg ttccccctta ttcccatgga 120
acgggaacag gcccacacaat agacacccgtg attcgaacac atggatctt gacaacagg 180
aaacatgtt ttctgtcatc cacaggatgt aatcaatggtag atccaacaaa tggaccattt 240
cccgaaagaca atggccaaag tgccatgtca caattatggat ggcgttcttgg ggccttggat 300
agaatggatg aggaacatcc aggtctgtttt caaaggcgtt cacagaatgc catggggca 360

<210> 21
<211> 2305
<212> DNA
<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

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<400> 21
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c t c a a t a t a c t a a a a g g c c a a a a c a c a a t t g c g a a t t t a g t g a a g a t c t c g a a t t a c 120
a a c c a g c a a t g c t a t t c a c a t c t c g t c c a t c t a g a g g t t g c t a t g t a a t a g t g a c a 180
t g a a t t t c t g a c g a a g a a g g a a g c a t a t a c a g c a t t a g a a g g a c a g g a a g a a g a c 240
a a a a t t g a p a c c a s t a t a g g a t t g a g g a a g g a a g g a a c c a t t g a t t g a t t g a t t g a 300
t t c c a a a g a t c t t a a c c a s t a t a g g a t t g a g g a a g g a a g g a c c a t t g a t t g a t t g a t t g a 360
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<210> 22

<211> 1882

<212> DNA

<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

• <400> 22

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tggtggccaaa cagactggc aggggagggtc aatgtgcgtg tgcgcatacc atgcacaaca 180
acaccaacaa atatccatt tgcacatctc aaaaacaaacaa agaccaggagg gaaatctatgc 240
ccaaacctgtc tcaactgcac agatctggat gtggccttgg gcacagccaat gtgtgtgggg 300
atcacacccct cggccaaacg tcaatactc caccggatca gacccgttac atccggatgc 360
tttcattataa tgcacagacac aacaaaatccaa agacagactt ccaatcttcc cagaggatgt 420
aaaaaaatca gattatccaa cccaaacggt atcaacacacaa aaaaaggccac aqaaqgaccac 480

tacagacttg gaacttcagg atcttgccct aacgctacca gtaaaagcgg attttcgca 540
 acaatgtctt gggctgtccc aaggagacaa aacaaaacag caacgaatcc actaacatgt 600
 gaagtatcc acatctgtac aaaaagaagaa gaccatcaa ctgtttgggg gttccatgtt 660
 gataaaaaaa cccaaatgtaa aaacccatgtt ggagactca atccatcaa gttcacatca 720
 tctgctaatg ggataaccac acatctatgtt tctcagatg gcggcttccc ggaccaaaa 780
 gaagacgggag ggcttccaca aagcggcaga atttgtgtt attcatgtt gaaaaaccc 840
 gggaaaaacac gaacaatgtt ctatcaaaqa gggatgttgc tgccatcaa ggtgtgggtc 900
 gcgagttggca gggacaaatg aataaaaggg tgcttgcctt taattgggtga agcagatgtc 960
 cttagccaaa aatacggttggg aataaaacaaa agcaacatgtt actacacagg agaacatgtca 1020
 aaagccatag gaaatggccc aataatgggtt gaaacccatgtt tgaaatgttgc caatgtgaaac 1080
 aaatatacatg ctccatcaaa actatggatg gaaaggggtt tcttcggagc tattgtgtt 1140
 ttcttggaaatg gaggatggg aggaatgttgc acggatcacat atctcacgg 1200
 gcacatgggg tgccatgttgc acgcacatgtt aagactgtc aagaagccat aaacaagata 1260
 aaaaaaaaaatc tcaattttttt gggatgttgc gaataatgttgc accttcaaaag actaagtgtt 1320
 gcccattatgtt aacttccatcaaa cggaaatactt gggatgttgc agaaatgttgc tgatctcaga 1380
 gctgacacaa taagctcaca aatagaactt gcaatgttgc tttccaaacg aggaataata 1440
 aacagtggaaatg atgatgttgc attggatgttgc gggatgttgc taaagaaaaat gctgggtccc 1500
 tctgtgttag acatgttgc tgatgttgc gaaaccaaaac acaatgtc aacccatgtc 1560
 tttagacatgttgc tagtgcgttggg acatctttaat gggatgttgc tttcttcc cacttgcgtt 1620
 tcaactgttgc aatgttgc acatctttaat gatgttgc tgatgttgc tttcttcc tttcttcc 1680
 ctctactact caactgttgc ttctgttttgc gggatgttgc tttcttcc tttcttcc 1740
 gtttatatgtt tgccatgttgc caatgttgc tgatgttgc tttcttcc tttcttcc 1800
 cctgttattttt cttttttttt gggatgttgc tgatgttgc tttcttcc tttcttcc 1860
 gaaaatgttgc tttcttcc 1882

<210> 23

<211> 1844

<212> DNA

<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<400> 23

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 atgttgcacaa tggatgttgc cggatcaac actgggacaa ttgacaaaac accggaaagaa 120
 ataacttttgc gaaaccatgttgc gacaatccat gaccatgggg ccttggccca 180
 ccaaccaaca aacggacccgg taaaccatccat cggggaaatggg caaccacaaatg cttgttgcgtt 240
 gatgttgcggaa gggaaacccaa aacggaaatggg accccggacatg agataaagaa gggatgttgc 300
 aacatgttgc tgaaacttggg cgaatttgc acaccatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc 360
 gatgtatgttgc agggaaatggg aatccatgttgc gggatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc 420
 gccactgttgc acggaaatggg taaaccatgttgc aacggaaatggg tggttgcacatgttgc 480
 gggaaatggg aatccatgttgc caacaaacaaatggg acaccatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc 540
 gataaaaaatggg tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 600
 atgttgcacatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc 660
 cttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 720
 gacccatgttgc acaccatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc 780
 gggatgttgc acaccatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc 840
 gcaatgttgc acaccatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc 900
 cttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 960
 atccatgttgc acaccatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc tggttgcacatgttgc 1020

atggcgttgg ttaggcctt tgccggcggc aaqtgttgc ttccataa catttacggc 1080
 aaaataccctt aactaggcattt caatgttggaa gaggacttcc ttgggggtt cgaaggccatg 1140
 gcttccata atatggcaac acctgttcc ttatataa gggggatgtt cggccatgg 1200
 aagtgcattt tatttttttgc ttggccgtt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1260
 tctgcattttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1320
 gttccggccaa aggaacagg tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1380
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1440
 caaataactt gttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1500
 gtaaaggaaatgg tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1560
 ctcaagatgtt tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1620
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1680
 accatcccccattttttttt tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1740
 taaagcaaca aatagacac tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1800
 ttattttttt tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1844

<210> 24

<211> 1557

<212> DNA

<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<400> 24

agcagaagca gggccatcc tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 60
 cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 120
 atgtgttcc ttccatgttca tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 180
 cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 240
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 300
 cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 360
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 420
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 480
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 540
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 600
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 660
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 720
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 780
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 840
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 900
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 960
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1020
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1080
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1140
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1200
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1260
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1320
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1380
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1440
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 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1560
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1620
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1680
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1740
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1800
 tttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt cttttttttt 1844

<210> 25
<211> 1190
<212> DNA
<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<210> 26
<211> 1097
<212> DNA
<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

aagaactta tcttttaagt aaaagaatg atgataacat attgttccac aaaacgtaa 960
 tagctaacag ctccataata gctgacatgg ttgtatcatt atcattatta gaaacattgt 1020
 atgaaatgaa ggtatgttta gaagtgtaca gcaggcagtg cttgtgaatt taaaataaaa 1080
 atccctcttgt tactact 1097

<210> 27
 <211> 770
 <212> PRT
 <213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<400> 27
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 1 5 10 15
 Glu Ala Lys Thr Val Leu Lys Gln Thr Thr Val Asp Gln Tyr Asn Ile
 20 25 30
 Ile Arg Lys Phe Asn Thr Ser Arg Ile Glu Lys Asn Pro Ser Leu Arg
 35 40 45
 Met Lys Trp Ala Met Cys Ser Asn Phe Pro Leu Ala Leu Thr Lys Gly
 50 55 60
 Asp Met Ala Asn Arg Ile Pro Leu Glu Tyr Lys Gly Ile Gln Leu Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Thr Asn Ala Glu Asp Ile Gly Thr Lys Gly Gln Met Cys Ser Ile Ala
 85 90 95
 Ala Val Thr Trp Trp Asn Thr Tyr Gly Pro Ile Gly Asp Thr Glu Gly
 100 105 110
 Phe Glu Lys Val Tyr Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Arg Lys Met Arg Leu Asp
 115 120 125
 Asn Ala Thr Trp Gly Arg Ile Thr Phe Gly Pro Val Glu Arg Val Arg
 130 135 140
 Lys Arg Val Leu Leu Asn Pro Leu Thr Lys Glu Met Pro Pro Asp Glu
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Ser Asn Val Ile Met Glu Ile Leu Phe Pro Lys Glu Ala Gly Ile
 165 170 175
 Pro Arg Glu Ser Thr Trp Ile His Arg Glu Leu Ile Lys Glu Lys Arg
 180 185 190
 Glu Lys Leu Lys Gly Thr Met Ile Thr Pro Ile Val Leu Ala Tyr Met

195	200	205
Leu Glu Arg Glu Leu Val Ala Arg Arg Arg Phe Leu Pro Val Ala Gly		
210	215	220
Ala Thr Ser Ala Glu Phe Ile Glu Met Leu His Cys Leu Gln Gly Glu		
225	230	235
Asn Trp Arg Gln Ile Tyr His Pro Gly Gly Asn Lys Leu Thr Glu Ser		
245	250	255
Arg Ser Gln Ser Met Ile Val Ala Cys Arg Lys Ile Ile Arg Arg Ser		
260	265	270
Ile Val Ala Ser Asn Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Val Glu Ile Ala Asn Lys		
275	280	285
Thr Val Ile Asp Thr Glu Pro Leu Lys Ser Cys Leu Thr Ala Ile Asp		
290	295	300
Gly Gly Asp Val Ala Cys Asp Ile Ile Arg Ala Ala Leu Gly Leu Lys		
305	310	315
Ile Arg Gln Arg Gln Arg Phe Gly Arg Leu Glu Leu Lys Arg Ile Ser		
325	330	335
Gly Arg Gly Phe Lys Asn Asp Glu Glu Ile Leu Ile Gly Asn Gly Thr		
340	345	350
Ile Gln Lys Ile Gly Ile Trp Asp Gly Glu Glu Glu Phe His Val Arg		
355	360	365
Cys Gly Glu Cys Arg Gly Ile Leu Lys Ser Lys Met Arg Met Glu		
370	375	380
Lys Leu Leu Ile Asn Ser Ala Lys Lys Glu Asp Met Lys Asp Leu Ile		
385	390	395
Ile Leu Cys Met Val Phe Ser Gln Asp Thr Arg Met Phe Gln Gly Val		
405	410	415
Arg Gly Glu Ile Asn Phe Leu Asn Arg Ala Gly Gln Leu Leu Ser Pro		
420	425	430
Met Tyr Gln Leu Gln Arg Tyr Phe Leu Asn Arg Ser Asn Asp Leu Phe		
435	440	445
Asp Gln Trp Gly Tyr Glu Glu Ser Pro Lys Ala Ser Glu Leu His Gly		

450	455	460
Ille Asn Glu Leu Met Asn Ala Ser Asp Tyr Thr Leu Lys Gly Val Val		
465	470	475
Val Thr Lys Asn Val Ile Asp Asp Phe Ser Ser Thr Glu Thr Glu Lys		
485	490	495
Val Ser Ile Thr Lys Asn Leu Ser Leu Ile Lys Arg Thr Gly Glu Val		
500	505	510
Ille Met Gly Ala Asn Asp Val Ser Glu Leu Glu Ser Gln Ala Gln Leu		
515	520	525
Met Ile Thr Tyr Asp Thr Pro Lys Met Trp Glu Met Gly Thr Thr Lys		
530	535	540
Glu Leu Val Gln Asn Thr Tyr Gln Trp Val Leu Lys Asn Leu Val Thr		
545	550	555
Leu Lys Ala Gln Phe Leu Leu Gly Lys Glu Asp Met Phe Gln Trp Asp		
565	570	575
Ala Phe Glu Ala Phe Glu Ser Ile Ile Pro Gln Lys Met Ala Gly Gln		
580	585	590
Tyr Ser Gly Phe Ala Arg Ala Val Leu Lys Gln Met Arg Asp Gln Glu		
595	600	605
Val Met Lys Thr Asp Gln Phe Ile Lys Leu Leu Pro Phe Cys Phe Ser		
610	615	620
Pro Pro Lys Leu Arg Ser Asn Gly Glu Pro Tyr Gln Phe Leu Arg Leu		
625	630	635
Val Leu Lys Gly Gly Glu Asn Phe Ile Glu Val Arg Lys Gly Ser		
645	650	655
Pro Leu Phe Ser Tyr Asn Pro Gln Thr Glu Val Leu Thr Ile Cys Gly		
660	665	670
Arg Met Met Ser Leu Lys Gly Lys Ile Glu Asp Glu Glu Arg Asn Arg		
675	680	685
Ser Met Gly Asn Ala Val Leu Ala Gly Phe Leu Val Ser Gly Lys Tyr		
690	695	700
Asp Pro Asp Leu Gly Asp Phe Lys Thr Ile Glu Glu Leu Glu Lys Leu		

705	710	715	720
Lys Pro Gly Glu Lys Ala Asn Ile Leu Leu Tyr Gln Gly Lys Pro Val			
725	730	735	
Lys Val Val Lys Arg Lys Arg Tyr Ser Ala Leu Ser Asn Asp Ile Ser			
740	745	750	
Gln Gly Ile Lys Arg Gln Arg Met Thr Val Glu Ser Met Gly Trp Ala			
755	760	765	
Leu Ser			
770			
<210> 28			
<211> 752			
<212> PRT			
<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca			
<400> 28			
Met Asn Ile Asn Pro Tyr Phe Leu Phe Ile Asp Val Pro Ile Gln Ala			
1	5	10	15
Ala Ile Ser Thr Thr Phe Pro Tyr Thr Gly Val Pro Pro Tyr Ser His			
20	25	30	
Gly Thr Gly Thr Gly His Thr Ile Asp Thr Val Ile Arg Thr His Glu			
35	40	45	
Tyr Ser Asn Lys Gly Lys Gin Tyr Val Ser Asp Ile Thr Gly Cys Thr			
50	55	60	
Met Val Asp Pro Thr Asn Gly Pro Leu Pro Glu Asp Asn Glu Pro Ser			
65	70	75	80
Ala Tyr Ala Gln Leu Asp Cys Val Leu Glu Ala Leu Asp Arg Met Asp			
85	90	95	
Glu Glu His Pro Gly Leu Phe Gln Ala Ala Ser Gln Asn Ala Met Glu			
100	105	110	
Ala Leu Met Val Thr Thr Val Asp Lys Leu Thr Gln Gly Arg Gln Thr			
115	120	125	
Phe Asp Trp Thr Val Cys Arg Asn Gln Pro Ala Ala Thr Ala Leu Asn			
130	135	140	

Thr	Thr	Ile	Thr	Ser	Phe	Arg	Leu	Asn	Asp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ala	Asp	Lys
145					150					155					160
Gly Gly Leu Val Pro Phe Cys Gln Asp Ile Ile Asp Ser Leu Asp Lys															
				165				170						175	
Pro Glu Met Thr Phe Phe Ser Val Lys Asn Ile Lys Lys Lys Phe Pro															
				180				185					190		
Ala Lys Asn Arg Lys Gly Phe Leu Ile Lys Arg Ile Pro Met Lys Val															
				195			200					205			
Lys Asp Arg Ile Ser Arg Val Glu Tyr Ile Lys Arg Ala Leu Ser Leu															
				210			215					220			
Asn Thr Met Thr Lys Asp Ala Glu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Arg Arg Ala															
				225			230					235			240
Ile Ala Thr Ala Gly Ile Gln Ile Arg Gly Phe Val Leu Val Val Glu															
				245			250					255			
Asn Leu Ala Lys Asn Ile Cys Glu Asn Leu Glu Gln Ser Gly Leu Pro															
				260			265					270			
Val Gly Gly Asn Glu Lys Lys Ala Lys Leu Ser Asn Ala Val Ala Lys															
				275			280					285			
Met Leu Ser Asn Cys Pro Pro Gly Gly Ile Ser Met Thr Val Thr Gly															
				290			295					300			
Asp Asn Thr Lys Trp Asn Glu Cys Leu Asn Pro Arg Val Phe Leu Ala															
				305			310					315			320
Met Thr Glu Arg Ile Thr Arg Asp Ser Pro Ile Trp Phe Arg Asp Phe															
				325			330					335			
Cys Ser Ile Ala Pro Val Leu Phe Ser Asn Lys Ile Ala Arg Leu Gly															
				340			345					350			
Lys Gly Phe Met Ile Thr Ser Lys Thr Lys Arg Leu Lys Ala Gln Ile															
				355			360					365			
Pro Cys Pro Asp Leu Phe Ser Ile Pro Leu Glu Arg Tyr Asn Glu Glu															
				370			375					380			
Thr Arg Ala Lys Leu Lys Lys Leu Lys Pro Phe Phe Asn Glu Glu Gly															
				385			390					395			400

Thr Ala Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Met Met Met Gly Met Phe Asn Met Leu
 405 410 415

Ser Thr Val Leu Gly Val Ala Ala Leu Gly Ile Lys Asn Ile Gly Asn
 420 425 430

Lys Glu Tyr Leu Trp Asp Gly Leu Gln Ser Ser Asp Asp Phe Ala Leu
 435 440 445

Phe Val Asn Ala Lys Asp Glu Glu Thr Cys Met Glu Gly Ile Asn Asp
 450 455 460

Phe Tyr Arg Thr Cys Lys Leu Leu Gly Ile Asn Met Ser Lys Lys Lys
 465 470 475 480

Ser Tyr Cys Asn Glu Thr Gly Met Phe Glu Phe Thr Ser Met Phe Tyr
 485 490 495

Arg Asp Gly Phe Val Ser Asn Phe Ala Met Glu Ile Pro Ser Phe Gly
 500 505 510

Val Ala Gly Val Asn Glu Ser Ala Asp Met Ala Ile Gly Met Thr Ile
 515 520 525

Ile Lys Asn Asn Met Ile Asn Asn Gly Met Gly Pro Ala Thr Ala Gln
 530 535 540

Thr Ala Ile Gln Leu Phe Ile Ala Asp Tyr Arg Tyr Thr Tyr Lys Cys
 545 550 555 560

His Arg Gly Asp Ser Lys Val Glu Gly Lys Arg Met Lys Ile Ile Lys
 565 570 575

Glu Leu Trp Glu Asn Thr Lys Gly Arg Asp Gly Leu Leu Val Ala Asp
 580 585 590

Gly Gly Pro Asn Ile Tyr Asn Leu Arg Asn Leu His Ile Pro Glu Ile
 595 600 605

Val Leu Lys Tyr Asn Leu Met Asp Pro Glu Tyr Lys Gly Arg Leu Leu
 610 615 620

His Pro Gln Asn Pro Phe Val Gly His Leu Ser Ile Glu Gly Ile Lys
 625 630 635 640

Glu Ala Asp Ile Thr Pro Ala His Gly Pro Val Lys Lys Met Asp Tyr
 645 650 655

Asp Ala Val Ser Gly Thr His Ser Trp Arg Thr Lys Arg Asn Arg Ser
 660 665 670

Ile Leu Asn Thr Asp Gln Arg Asn Met Ile Leu Glu Glu Gln Cys Tyr
 675 680 685

Ala Lys Cys Cys Asn Leu Phe Glu Ala Cys Phe Asn Ser Ala Ser Tyr
 690 695 700

Arg Lys Pro Val Gly Gln His Ser Met Leu Glu Ala Met Ala His Arg
 705 710 715 720

Leu Arg Met Asp Ala Arg Leu Asp Tyr GJu Ser Gly Arg Met Ser Lys
 725 730 735

Asp Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Met Ala His Leu Gly Glu Ile Gly Tyr Thr
 740 745 750

<210> 29
 <211> 726
 <212> PRT
 <213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<400> 29
 Met Asp Thr Phe Ile Thr Arg Asn Phe Gln Thr Thr Ile Ile Gln Lys
 1 5 10 15

Ala Lys Asn Thr Met Ala Glu Phe Ser Glu Asp Pro Glu Leu Gln Pro
 20 25 30

Ala Met Leu Phe Asn Ile Cys Val His Leu Glu Val Cys Tyr Val Ile
 35 40 45

Ser Asp Met Asn Phe Leu Asp Glu Glu Gly Lys Ala Tyr Thr Ala Leu
 50 55 60

Glu Gly Gln Gly Lys Glu Gln Asn Leu Arg Pro Gln Tyr Glu Val Ile
 65 70 75 80

Glu Gly Met Pro Arg Thr Ile Ala Trp Met Val Gln Arg Ser Leu Ala
 85 90 95

Gln Glu His Gly Ile Glu Thr Pro Lys Tyr Leu Ala Asp Leu Phe Asp
 100 105 110

Tyr Lys Thr Lys Arg Phe Ile Glu Val Gly Ile Thr Lys Gly Leu Ala
 115 120 125

Asp Asp Tyr Phe Trp Lys Lys Glu Lys Leu Gly Asn Ser Met Glu
 130 135 140

Leu Met Ile Phe Ser Tyr Asn Gln Asp Tyr Ser Leu Ser Asn Glu Ser
 145 150 155 160

Ser Leu Asp Glu Glu Gly Lys Gly Arg Val Leu Ser Arg Leu Thr Glu
 165 170 175

Leu Gln Ala Glu Leu Ser Leu Lys Asn Leu Trp Gln Val Leu Ile Gly
 180 185 190

Glu Glu Asp Val Glu Lys Gly Ile Asp Phe Lys Leu Gly Gln Thr Ile
 195 200 205

Ser Arg Leu Arg Asp Ile Ser Val Pro Ala Gly Phe Ser Asn Phe Glu
 210 215 220

Gly Met Arg Ser Tyr Ile Asp Asn Ile Asp Pro Lys Gly Ala Ile Glu
 225 230 235 240

Arg Asn Leu Ala Arg Met Ser Pro Leu Val Ser Val Thr Pro Lys Lys
 245 250 255

Leu Lys Trp Glu Asp Leu Arg Pro Ile Gly Pro His Ile Tyr Asn His
 260 265 270

Glu Leu Pro Glu Val Pro Tyr Asn Ala Phe Leu Leu Met Ser Asp Glu
 275 280 285

Leu Gly Leu Ala Asn Met Thr Glu Gly Lys Ser Lys Lys Pro Lys Thr
 290 295 300

Leu Ala Lys Glu Cys Leu Glu Lys Tyr Ser Thr Leu Arg Asp Gln Thr
 305 310 315 320

Asp Pro Ile Leu Ile Met Lys Ser Glu Lys Ala Asn Glu Asn Phe Leu
 325 330 335

Trp Lys Leu Trp Arg Asp Cys Val Asn Thr Ile Ser Asn Glu Glu Met
 340 345 350

Ser Asn Glu Leu Gln Lys Thr Asn Tyr Ala Lys Trp Ala Thr Gly Asp
 355 360 365

Gly Leu Thr Tyr Gln Lys Ile Met Lys Glu Val Ala Ile Asp Asp Glu			
370	375	380	
Thr Met Cys Gln Glu Glu Pro Lys Ile Pro Asn Lys Cys Arg Val Ala			
385	390	395	400
Ala Trp Val Gln Thr Glu Met Asn Leu Leu Ser Thr Leu Thr Ser Lys			
405	410	415	
Lys Ala Leu Asp Leu Pro Glu Ile Gly Pro Asp Val Ala Pro Val Glu			
420	425	430	
His Val Gly Ser Glu Arg Arg Lys Tyr Phe Val Asn Glu Ile Asn Tyr			
435	440	445	
Cys Lys Ala Ser Thr Val Met Met Lys Tyr Val Leu Phe His Thr Ser			
450	455	460	
Leu Leu Asn Glu Ser Asn Ala Ser Met Gly Lys Tyr Lys Val Ile Pro			
465	470	475	480
Ile Thr Asn Arg Val Val Asn Glu Lys Gly Glu Ser Phe Asp Met Leu			
485	490	495	
Tyr Gly Leu Ala Val Lys Gly Gln Ser His Leu Arg Gly Asp Thr Asp			
500	505	510	
Val Val Thr Val Val Thr Phe Glu Phe Ser Ser Thr Asp Pro Arg Val			
515	520	525	
Asp Ser Gly Lys Trp Pro Lys Tyr Thr Val Phe Arg Ile Gly Ser Leu			
530	535	540	
Phe Val Ser Gly Arg Glu Lys Ser Val Tyr Leu Tyr Cys Arg Val Asn			
545	550	555	560
Gly Thr Asn Lys Ile Gln Met Lys Trp Gly Met Glu Ala Arg Arg Cys			
565	570	575	
Leu Leu Gln Ser Met Gln Gln Met Glu Ala Ile Val Glu Gln Glu Ser			
580	585	590	
Ser Ile Gln Gly Tyr Asp Met Thr Lys Ala Cys Phe Lys Gly Asp Arg			
595	600	605	
Val Asn Ser Pro Lys Thr Phe Ser Ile Gly Thr Gln Glu Gly Lys Leu			
610	615	620	

Val Lys Gly Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala Leu Arg Val Ile Phe Thr Lys Cys
 625 630 635 640

Leu Met His Tyr Val Phe Gly Asn Ala Gln Leu Glu Gly Phe Ser Ala
 645 650 655

Glu Ser Arg Arg Leu Leu Leu Ile Gln Ala Leu Lys Asp Arg Lys
 660 665 670

Gly Pro Trp Val Phe Asp Leu Glu Gly Met Tyr Ser Gly Ile Glu Glu
 675 680 685

Cys Ile Ser Asn Asn Pro Trp Val Ile Gln Ser Ala Tyr Trp Phe Asn
 690 695 700

Glu Trp Leu Gly Phe Glu Lys Glu Gly Ser Lys Val Leu Glu Ser Val
 705 710 715 720

Asp Glu Ile Met Asp Glu
 725

<210> 30

<211> 584

<212> PRT

<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<400> 30

Met Lys Ala Ile Ile Val Leu Leu Met Val Val Thr Ser Asn Ala Asp
 1 5 10 15

Arg Ile Cys Thr Gly Ile Thr Ser Ser Asn Ser Pro His Val Val Lys
 20 25 30

Thr Ala Thr Gln Gly Glu Val Asn Val Thr Gly Ala Ile Pro Leu Thr
 35 40 45

Thr Thr Pro Thr Lys Ser His Phe Ala Asn Leu Lys Gly Thr Lys Thr
 50 55 60

Arg Gly Lys Leu Cys Pro Thr Cys Leu Asn Cys Thr Asp Leu Asp Val
 65 70 75 80

Ala Leu Gly Arg Pro Met Cys Val Gly Ile Thr Pro Ser Ala Lys Ala
 85 90 95

Ser Ile Leu His Glu Val Arg Pro Val Thr Ser Gly Cys Phe Pro Ile

100	105	110	
Met His Asp Arg Thr Lys Ile Arg Gln Leu Pro Asn Leu Leu Arg Gly			
115	120	125	
Tyr Glu Lys Ile Arg Leu Ser Thr Gln Asn Val Ile Asn Thr Glu Lys			
130	135	140	
Ala Pro Gly Gly Pro Tyr Arg Leu Gly Thr Ser Gly Ser Cys Pro Asn			
145	150	155	160
Ala Thr Ser Lys Ser Gly Phe Phe Ala Thr Met Ala Trp Ala Val Pro			
165	170	175	
Arg Asp Asn Asn Lys Thr Ala Thr Asn Pro Leu Thr Val Glu Val Pro			
180	185	190	
His Ile Cys Thr Lys Glu Glu Asp Gln Ile Thr Val Trp Gly Phe His			
195	200	205	
Ser Asp Asn Lys Thr Gln Met Lys Asn Leu Tyr Gly Asp Ser Asn Pro			
210	215	220	
Gln Lys Phe Thr Ser Ser Ala Asn Gly Ile Thr Thr His Tyr Val Ser			
225	230	235	240
Gln Ile Gly Gly Phe Pro Asp Gln Thr Glu Asp Gly Gly Leu Pro Gln			
245	250	255	
Ser Gly Arg Ile Val Val Asp Tyr Met Val Gln Lys Pro Gly Lys Thr			
260	265	270	
Gly Thr Ile Val Tyr Gln Arg Gly Ile Leu Leu Pro Gln Lys Val Trp			
275	280	285	
Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Ser Lys Val Ile Lys Gly Ser Leu Pro Leu Ile			
290	295	300	
Gly Glu Ala Asp Cys Leu His Glu Lys Tyr Gly Gly Leu Asn Lys Ser			
305	310	315	320
Lys Pro Tyr Tyr Thr Gly Glu His Ala Lys Ala Ile Gly Asn Cys Pro			
325	330	335	
Ile Trp Val Lys Thr Pro Leu Lys Leu Ala Asn Gly Thr Lys Tyr Arg			
340	345	350	
Pro Pro Ala Lys Leu Leu Lys Glu Arg Gly Phe Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala			

355	360	365
Gly Phe Leu Glu Gly Gly Trp Glu Gly Met Ile Ala Gly Trp His Gly		
370	375	380
Tyr Thr Ser His Gly Ala His Gly Val Ala Val Ala Ala Asp Leu Lys		
385	390	395
400		
Ser Thr Gln Glu Ala Ile Asn Lys Ile Thr Lys Asn Leu Asn Ser Leu		
405	410	415
Ser Glu Leu Glu Val Asn Asn Leu Gln Arg Leu Ser Gly Ala Met Asp		
420	425	430
Glu Leu His Asn Glu Ile Leu Glu Leu Asp Glu Lys Val Asp Asp Leu		
435	440	445
Arg Ala Asp Thr Ile Ser Ser Gln Ile Glu Leu Ala Val Leu Leu Ser		
450	455	460
Asn Glu Gly Ile Ile Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu His Leu Leu Ala Leu Glu		
465	470	475
480		
Arg Lys Leu Lys Lys Met Leu Gly Pro Ser Ala Val Asp Ile Gly Asn		
485	490	495
Gly Cys Phe Glu Thr Lys His Lys Cys Asn Gln Thr Cys Leu Asp Arg		
500	505	510
Ile Ala Ala Gly Thr Phe Asn Ala Glu Glu Phe Ser Leu Pro Thr Phe		
515	520	525
Asp Ser Leu Asn Ile Thr Ala Ala Ser Leu Asn Asp Asp Gly Leu Asp		
530	535	540
Asn His Thr Ile Leu Leu Tyr Tyr Ser Thr Ala Ala Ser Ser Leu Ala		
545	550	555
560		
Val Thr Leu Met Ile Ala Ile Phe Ile Val Tyr Met Ile Ser Arg Asp		
565	570	575
Asn Val Ser Cys Ser Ile Cys Leu		
580		

<210> 31

<211> 560

<212> PRT

<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<400> 31

Met	Ser	Asn	Met	Asp	Ile	Asp	Gly	Ile	Asn	Thr	Gly	Thr	Ile	Asp	Lys
1					5				10					15	

Thr	Pro	Glu	Glu	Ile	Thr	Phe	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gly	Thr	Thr	Arg	Pro	Ile
					20				25				30		

Ile	Arg	Pro	Ala	Thr	Leu	Ala	Pro	Pro	Ser	Asn	Lys	Arg	Thr	Arg	Asn
					35				40			45			

Pro	Ser	Pro	Glu	Arg	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ala	Asp	Val	Gly	Arg
					50			55			60				

Lys	Thr	Gln	Lys	Lys	Gln	Thr	Pro	Thr	Glu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Ser	Val	Tyr
					65			70		75			80		

Asn	Met	Val	Val	Lys	Leu	Gly	Glu	Phe	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Met	Met	Val	Lys
					85				90			95			

Ala	Gly	Leu	Asn	Asp	Asp	Met	Glu	Arg	Asn	Leu	Ile	Gln	Asn	Ala	His
					100				105			110			

Ala	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ala	Thr	Asp	Asp	Lys	Lys	Thr	Glu
					115				120			125			

Phe	Gln	Lys	Lys	Lys	Asn	Thr	Arg	Asp	Val	Lys	Glu	Gly	Lys	Glu	Glu
					130			135			140				

Ile	Asp	His	Asn	Lys	Thr	Gly	Gly	Thr	Phe	Tyr	Lys	Met	Val	Arg	Asp
					145			150			155		160		

Asp	Lys	Thr	Ile	Tyr	Phe	Ser	Pro	Ile	Arg	Ile	Thr	Phe	Leu	Lys	Glu
					165				170			175			

Glu	Val	Lys	Thr	Met	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Met	Gly	Ser	Asp	Gly	Phe	Ser
					180				185			190			

Gly	Leu	Asn	His	Ile	Met	Ile	Gly	His	Ser	Gln	Met	Asn	Asp	Val	Cys
					195			200			205				

Phe	Gln	Arg	Ser	Lys	Ala	Leu	Lys	Arg	Val	Gly	Leu	Asp	Pro	Ser	Leu
					210			215			220				

Ile	Ser	Thr	Phe	Ala	Gly	Ser	Thr	Ile	Pro	Arg	Arg	Ser	Gly	Ala	Thr
					225			230			235		240		

Gly Val Ala Ile Lys Gly Gly	Thr Leu Val Ala Glu Ala Ile Arg	
245	250	255
Phe Ile Gly Arg Ala Met Ala Asp Arg Gly	Leu Leu Arg Asp Ile Lys	
260	265	270
Ala Lys Thr Ala Tyr Glu Lys Ile Leu Leu Asn Leu Lys Asn Lys Cys		
275	280	285
Ser Ala Pro Gin Gln Lys Ala Leu Val Asp Gln Val Ile Gly Ser Arg		
290	295	300
Asn Pro Gly Ile Ala Asp Ile Glu Asp Leu Thr Leu Leu Ala Arg Ser		
305	310	315
Met Val Val Val Arg Pro Ser Val Ala Ser Lys Val Val Leu Pro Ile		
325	330	335
Ser Ile Tyr Ala Lys Ile Pro Gln Leu Gly Phe Asn Val Glu Glu Tyr		
340	345	350
Ser Met Val Gly Tyr Glu Ala Met Ala Leu Tyr Asn Met Ala Thr Pro		
355	360	365
Val Ser Ile Leu Arg Met Gly Asp Asp Ala Lys Asp Lys Ser Gln Leu		
370	375	380
Phe Phe Met Ser Cys Phe Gly Ala Ala Tyr Glu Asp Leu Arg Val Leu		
385	390	395
Ser Ala Leu Thr Gly Thr Glu Phe Lys Pro Arg Ser Ala Leu Lys Cys		
405	410	415
Lys Gly Phe His Val Pro Ala Lys Glu Gln Val Glu Gly Met Gly Ala		
420	425	430
Ala Leu Met Ser Ile Lys Leu Gln Phe Trp Ala Pro Met Thr Arg Ser		
435	440	445
Gly Gly Asn Glu Val Gly Gly Asp Gly Gly Ser Gly Gln Ile Ser Cys		
450	455	460
Ser Pro Val Phe Ala Val Glu Arg Pro Ile Ala Leu Ser Lys Gln Ala		
465	470	475
Val Arg Arg Met Leu Ser Met Asn Ile Glu Gly Arg Asp Ala Asp Val		
485	490	495

Lys Gly Asn Leu Leu Lys Met Met Asn Asp Ser Met Ala Lys Lys Thr
 500 505 510

Ser Gly Asn Ala Phe Ile Gly Lys Lys Met Phe Gln Ile Ser Asp Lys
 515 520 525

Asn Lys Thr Asn Pro Val Glu Ile Pro Ile Lys Gln Thr Ile Pro Asn
 530 535 540

Phe Phe Phe Gly Arg Asp Thr Ala Glu Asp Tyr Asp Asp Leu Asp Tyr
 545 550 555 560

<210> 32

<211> 100

<212> PRT

<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<400> 32

Met Asn Asn Ala Thr Phe Asn Tyr Thr Asn Val Asn Pro Ile Pro His
 1 5 10 15

Ile Arg Gly Ser Val Ile Ile Thr Ile Cys Val Ser Phe Thr Val Ile
 20 25 30

Leu Ile Ile Phe Gly Tyr Ile Ala Lys Ile Phe Thr Asn Arg Asn Asn
 35 40 45

Cys Thr Asn Asn Ala Ile Gly Leu Cys Lys Arg Ile Lys Cys Ser Gly
 50 55 60

Cys Glu Pro Phe Cys Asn Lys Arg Gly Asp Thr Ser Ser Pro Arg Thr
 65 70 75 80

Gly Val Asp Ile Pro Ala Phe Ile Leu Pro Gly Leu Asn Leu Ser Glu
 85 90 95

Ser Thr Pro Asn
 100

<210> 33

<211> 466

<212> PRT

<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<400> 33

Met	Leu	Pro	Ser	Thr	Ile	Gln	Thr	Leu	Thr	Leu	Phe	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly
1					5				10				15		

Gly	Val	Leu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Val	Ser	Ala	Ser	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Leu
					20				25				30		

Tyr	Ser	Asp	Ile	Leu	Leu	Lys	Phe	Ser	Pro	Thr	Glu	Ile	Thr	Ala	Pro
						35			40			45			

Thr	Met	Pro	Leu	Asp	Cys	Ala	Asn	Ala	Ser	Asn	Val	Gln	Ala	Val	Asn
						50			55			60			

Arg	Ser	Ala	Thr	Lys	Gly	Val	Thr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Pro	Glu	Pro	Glu	Trp
						65			70			75			80

Thr	Tyr	Pro	Arg	Leu	Ser	Cys	Pro	Gly	Ser	Thr	Phe	Gln	Lys	Ala	Leu
						85			90			95			

Leu	Ile	Ser	Pro	His	Arg	Phe	Gly	Glu	Thr	Lys	Gly	Asn	Ser	Ala	Pro
						100			105			110			

Leu	Ile	Ile	Arg	Glu	Pro	Phe	Ile	Ala	Cys	Gly	Pro	Lys	Glu	Cys	Lys
						115			120			125			

His	Phe	Ala	Leu	Thr	His	Tyr	Ala	Ala	Gln	Pro	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Asn
						130			135			140			

Gly	Thr	Arg	Glu	Asp	Arg	Asn	Lys	Leu	Arg	His	Leu	Ile	Ser	Val	Lys
						145			150			155			160

Leu	Gly	Lys	Ile	Pro	Thr	Val	Glu	Asn	Ser	Ile	Phe	His	Met	Ala	Ala
						165			170			175			

Trp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Ala	Cys	His	Asp	Gly	Lys	Glu	Trp	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Gly
						180			185			190			

Val	Asp	Gly	Pro	Asp	Ser	Asn	Ala	Leu	Leu	Lys	Ile	Lys	Tyr	Gly	Glu
						195			200			205			

Ala	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Thr	Tyr	His	Ser	Tyr	Ala	Asn	Asn	Ile	Leu	Arg	Thr
						210			215			220			

Gln	Glu	Ser	Ala	Cys	Asn	Cys	Ile	Gly	Gly	Asn	Cys	Tyr	Leu	Met	Ile
						225			230			235			240

Thr	Asp	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Gly	Ile	Ser	Glu	Cys	Arg	Phe	Leu	Lys	Ile
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

245	250	255
Gln Glu Gly Arg Ile Ile Lys Glu Ile Phe Pro Thr Gly Arg Val Glu		
260	265	270
His Thr Glu Glu Cys Thr Cys Gly Phe Ala Ser Asn Lys Thr Ile Glu		
275	280	285
Cys Ala Cys Arg Asp Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ala Lys Arg Pro Phe Val Lys		
290	295	300
Leu Asn Val Glu Thr Asp Thr Ala Glu Ile Arg Leu Met Cys Thr Glu		
305	310	315
Thr Tyr Leu Asp Thr Pro Arg Pro Asp Asp Gly Ser Ile Thr Gly Pro		
325	330	335
Cys Glu Ser Asn Gly Asp Lys Gly Ser Gly Gly Ile Lys Gly Phe		
340	345	350
Val His Gln Arg Met Ala Ser Lys Thr Gly Arg Trp Tyr Ser Arg Thr		
355	360	365
Met Ser Lys Thr Lys Arg Met Gly Met Gly Leu Tyr Val Lys Tyr Asp		
370	375	380
Gly Asp Pro Trp Thr Asp Ser Asp Ala Leu Ala Leu Ser Gly Val Met		
385	390	395
Val Ser Met Glu Glu Pro Gly Trp Tyr Ser Phe Gly Phe Glu Ile Lys		
405	410	415
Asp Lys Lys Cys Asp Val Pro Cys Ile Gly Ile Glu Met Val His Asp		
420	425	430
Gly Gly Lys Glu Thr Trp His Ser Ala Ala Thr Ala Ile Tyr Cys Leu		
435	440	445
Met Gly Ser Gly Gln Leu Leu Trp Asp Thr Val Thr Gly Val Asn Met		
450	455	460
Ala Leu		
465		

<210> 34
 <211> 248
 <212> PRT

<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<400> 34

Met	Ser	Leu	Phe	Gly	Asp	Thr	Ile	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Thr	Glu
1					5					10				15	
Asp	Gly	Glu	Gly	Lys	Ala	Glu	Leu	Ala	Glu	Lys	Leu	His	Cys	Trp	Phe
		20						25					30		
Gly	Gly	Lys	Glu	Phe	Asp	Leu	Asp	Ser	Ala	Leu	Glu	Trp	Ile	Lys	Asn
		35					40					45			
Lys	Arg	Cys	Leu	Thr	Asp	Ile	Gln	Lys	Ala	Leu	Ile	Gly	Ala	Ser	Ile
		50				55					60				
Cys	Phe	Leu	Lys	Prc	Lys	Asp	Gln	Glu	Arg	Lys	Arg	Arg	Phe	Ile	Thr
	65				70				75				80		
Glu	Pro	Leu	Ser	Gly	Met	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Lys	Lys	Gly	Leu	
		85					90					95			
Ile	Leu	Ala	Glu	Arg	Lys	Met	Arg	Arg	Cys	Val	Ser	Phe	His	Glu	Ala
		100					105					110			
Phe	Glu	Ile	Ala	Glu	Gly	His	Glu	Ser	Ser	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Cys	Leu	
		115				120						125			
Met	Val	Met	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Pro	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Met	Gln	Val	Lys	Leu
		130				135					140				
Gly	Thr	Leu	Cys	Ala	Leu	Cys	Glu	Lys	Gln	Ala	Ser	His	Ser	His	Arg
	145				150				155			160			
Ala	His	Ser	Arg	Ala	Ala	Arg	Ser	Ser	Val	Pro	Gly	Val	Arg	Arg	Glu
				165				170				175			
Met	Gln	Met	Val	Ser	Ala	Met	Asn	Thr	Ala	Lys	Thr	Met	Asn	Gly	Met
			180				185					190			
Gly	Lys	Gly	Glu	Asp	Val	Gln	Lys	Leu	Ala	Glu	Glu	Leu	Gln	Ser	Asn
		195					200					205			
Ile	Gly	Val	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala	Ser	Gln	Lys	Asn	Gly	Glu	Gly
		210				215					220				
Ile	Ala	Lys	Asp	Vai	Met	Glu	Val	Leu	Lys	Gln	Ser	Ser	Met	Gly	Asn
	225				230				235				240		

Ser Ala Leu Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu
245

<210> 35
<211> 109
<212> PRT
<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<400> 35
Met Leu Glu Pro Phe Gln Ile Leu Ser Ile Cys Ser Phe Ile Leu Ser
1 5 10 15

Ala Leu His Phe Val Ala Trp Thr Ile Gly His Leu Asn Gln Ile Lys
20 25 30

Arg Gly Val Asn Met Lys Ile Arg Ile Lys Ser Pro Asn Lys Glu Thr
35 40 45

Ile Asn Arg Glu Val Ser Ile Leu Arg His Ser Tyr Gln Lys Glu Ile
50 55 60

· Gln Ala Lys Glu Thr Met Lys Glu Val Leu Ser Asp Asn Met Glu Val
65 70 75 80

Leu Gly Asp His Ile Val Ile Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala Glu Glu Ile Ile
85 90 95

Lys Met Gly Glu Thr Val Leu Glu Ile Glu Glu Leu His
100 105

<210> 36
<211> 281
<212> PRT
<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<400> 36
Met Ala Asn Asn Ile Thr Thr Thr Gln Ile Glu Val Gly Pro Gly Ala
1 5 10 15

Thr Asn Ala Thr Ile Asn Phe Glu Thr Gly Ile Leu Glu Cys Tyr Glu
20 25 30

Arg Leu Ser Trp Gln Arg Ala Leu Asp Tyr Pro Gly Gln Asp Arg Leu
35 40 45

Asn Arg Leu Lys Arg Lys Leu Glu Ser Arg Ile Lys Thr His Asn Lys

50	55	60	
Ser Glu Pro Glu Ser Lys Arg Met Ser Leu Glu Glu Arg Lys Ala Ile			
65	70	75	80
Gly Val Lys Met Met Lys Val Leu Leu Phe Met Asn Pro Ser Ala Gly			
85	90	95	
Ile Glu Gly Phe Glu Pro Tyr Tyr Met Lys Ser Ser Ser Asn Ser Asn			
100	105	110	
Cys Pro Lys Tyr Asn Trp Thr Asp Tyr Pro Ser Thr Pro Gly Arg Cys			
115	120	125	
Leu Asp Asp Ile Glu Glu Glu Pro Glu Asp Val Asp Gly Pro Thr Glu			
130	135	140	
Ile Val Leu Arg Asp Met Asn Asn Lys Asp Ala Arg Gln Lys Ile Lys			
145	150	155	160
Glu Glu Val Asn Thr Gln Lys Glu Gly Lys Phe Arg Leu Thr Ile Lys			
165	170	175	
Arg Asp Ile Arg Asn Val Leu Ser Leu Arg Val Leu Val Asn Gly Thr			
180	185	190	
Phe Leu Lys His Pro Asn Gly Tyr Lys Ser Leu Ser Thr Leu His Arg			
195	200	205	
Leu Asn Ala Tyr Asp Gln Ser Gly Arg Leu Val Ala Lys Leu Val Ala			
210	215	220	
Thr Asp Asp Leu Thr Val Glu Asp Glu Glu Asp Gly His Arg Ile Leu			
225	230	235	240
Asn Ser Leu Phe Glu Arg Leu Asn Glu Gly His Ser Lys Pro Ile Arg			
245	250	255	
Ala Ala Glu Thr Ala Val Gly Val Leu Ser Gln Phe Gly Gln Glu His			
260	265	270	
Arg Leu Ser Pro Glu Glu Gly Asp Asn			
275	280		

<210> 37

<211> 122

<212> PRT

<213> Influenza B/Vienna/1/99/ca

<400> 37

Met	Ala	Asn	Asn	Ile	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gln	Ile	Glu	Trp	Arg	Met	Lys	Lys
1				5					10				15		

Met	Ala	Ile	Gly	Ser	Ser	Thr	His	Ser	Ser	Ser	Val	Leu	Met	Lys	Asp
		20						25					30		

Ile	Gln	Ser	Gln	Phe	Glu	Gln	Leu	Lys	Leu	Arg	Trp	Glu	Ser	Tyr	Pro
	35				40							45			

Asn	Leu	Val	Lys	Ser	Thr	Asp	Tyr	His	Gln	Lys	Arg	Glu	Thr	Ile	Lys
	50					55				60					

Leu	Val	Thr	Glu	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Ser	Lys	Arg	Ile	Asp	Asp	Asn
65				70					75				80		

Ile	Leu	Phe	His	Lys	Thr	Val	Ile	Ala	Asn	Ser	Ser	Ile	Ile	Ala	Asp
			85					90				95			

Met	Val	Val	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Leu	Glu	Thr	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Met	Lys	Asp
		100						105				110			

Val	Val	Glu	Val	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Gln	Cys	Leu						
		115					120								